...IVERSAL
...surance Company,
—NEW YORK—
...tock Life Insurance Company of the United States.
...this Company is EXCLUSIVELY on...surance of first-class healthy lives.
...stinctive Feature
...m of Life Insurance, as opposed to...low rate of premiums for a term...ich is REMEDIATE, succumb and com...high rate of premium with a pro...which is NATANT, contingent and un...dulled dividend being merely a re...n of the excessive and unnecessary...in the first instance.
...istration.
...individual aged thirty desires to do...r the purpose of effecting an insur...amount will immediately secure him...the sum of $11,791, payable on his...paid to a company charging the...ce, would secure him the risk of...immediately secured, in favor of...377.
...importance to the policy-holder of...ore general terms, it may be stated...ction of twenty-five per cent. in the...me amount of money will secure...and one-third per cent. greater, and...ction of twenty-five per cent. in...is precisely equivalent to an...of sixty-three and one-third per...ance, or to a dividend of forty-two...at the end of five years.
...the full cash effect of the premium...red to the insured, the Company...s. By the Mutual plan the full...of the premium paid is not as...holder, who takes a portion of the...
Premiums
...versal are as low as the actual...of life in this country will justify...ds and Ten-Year Non-forfeiture...one-third lower than those charged...tual Companies.
...is asked to our "Return Premium...e amount of the policy in case...ercary deposit of the annual pre...returned in full, together with the...the holder of the policy when it...upon the Company. Also to the...
PREMIUM PLAN,"
...on of one-third it made in the...first annual premium, being in...dividend of 33 1/3 per cent., the...policies issued by the "Uni...e results are distinctly specified...
...Commissions paid to good, live...nts wanted in every town and...
...LACHLAN H. McINTOSH,...General Agent,...W. SHACKLEFORD,...ager Southern Department,...Atlanta, Georgia.
...TATES HOTEL,...VILLE, KY.,...WERE REBUILT...ully located.
...ALD TRIALS,
...n, South Carolina and...ed with the...
...ns Premiums,...with the...Ploughs...
...RABLE TERMS,...the United States, and...ll terms to all dealers...ending points in the...s store and will sup...as any others can be...Carhart's Celebrated...re W. Johnson, Atlan...ta; J. S. Smith...ta; R. Rice, Cleveland...Fla.
...FOUR BORERS...ocrat office.
...RED 1857.
Gamble,
...ATL.
...Y LARD.
...CANDLES.
...ARIES OF
...D GIFT CONCERTS!
...T OF VICTIMS OF THE
...CH WAR
...BE HELD IN
...GTON, D. C.,
...27th, 1871.
...TS, AND NO MORE,
...ibered from 1 to 190,000.
...0,000
...PORTH OF
...onds
...QUALITY, approved and...bond House second to none...to holders of tickets, with...ICAL ALBERT Prize Plan...ed in Catalogued as follows:...ds and Earrings,...handsomest in...$60 000...Breastpin, Ear-...orth...$37,000...ring, worth...$21,000...Solitaire Diamond...$10,000...ull set, Cluster,...and Bracelets,...$5,000...ite articles in all, ranging in...
...0,000 Each.
...e than the names of the di...who have consented to act as...ers, can be given for the char...enterprise.
...ue Christian.
...PIKE,...City,...RD,...RK CITY, ALBANY...PLACE,...of France,...Trustees.
...City,
...$6.00.
...ROBERTSON & CO.,...Business Agents,...10 Broadway, New York.
...Gen. H. T. Kimball House,...ANDER, Agents in Atlanta...information desired.
...ILL TRIUMPHANT!
...sured by
...Knight,
...ND, VA.
...T, Patentee.


# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1," 1871. | VOLUME III---NUMBER 190


## Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., January 31, 1871.

☞ George Ticknor, a distinguished scholar and author, died in Boston, on Thursday, in his eightieth year. His greatest work was the History of Spanish Literature, which appeared in 1849, and which has since been regarded as a standard authority.

### Conflict.

The United States has repealed the income tax. The House returns the bill unacted upon, insisting that revenue bills must originate in the House. The Senate contends that a bill to reduce revenue is not one to raise revenue.

Here is a bobble. If neither House will recede the income tax will stand.

### Women's Rights.

A few days ago we instanced the election of a woman as director of a bank in Wilksbarre, Penn. It looks as though Pennsylvania was to lead in the granting of practical woman's rights. Mr. Anderson has introduced in the Pennsylvania State Senate the following bill:

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That female tax-payers of this Commonwealth, over the age of twenty-one years, who shall have resided in any school district for more than one year, shall be eligible therein for election or appointment to the office of director of common schools.

### Railroads in the United States.

There are now in the United States 50,000 miles of railroad. The cost of these works exceed $2,000,000,000. Their annual earnings exceed $400,000,000, and equal $11 per head of our entire population. They transport, annually, 125,000,000 tons of freight, or over three tons to each person, assuming our entire population to be 40,000,000. The value of their tonnage, at the low estimate of $100 to the ton, equals $800 her head, and an aggregate sum of $12,500,000,000—a sum six times greater than they cost. Every mile of road constructed adds five times its costs to the aggregate value of the property of the country.

All this vast commerce and wealth are wholly creations of railroads, and within the short space of twenty years.

### SOUTHERN NEWS.

*Alabama.*—The Mobile Register thus quotes that market: "Distinguished strangers," none in market. "Popular fellow citizens," dull and declining. "Honeymooning, gilt edged holders anxious to realize. "Mothers-in-law," no demand. "Poor relations," market heavy. "Muffin Worries," firm with an upward tendency.

Bob Arlington, negro, whipped the Montgomery county Representative.

*Louisiana.*—The Radical attempt to force amalgamation into the public schools at New Orleans is breaking them up. The people of both races and French and Irish are as bitter as at the beginning of the war. E. R. Bochler, S. A. Isaac and Eugene Chassaignac, charged with counterfeiting large amounts of State coupons, have been acquitted. The Attorneys of Jeans Bar has passed resolutions and appointed a committee to collect all for ex-Chief Justice Taney's daughters. Bills have been introduced into the Louisiana Legislature to charter State banks of deposit. Their object is to get hold of the State deposits.

*North Carolina.*—The vilest scamps have been summoned to go to Washington to testify about the Ku-klux. Among them Bill Albright, Jim Baird, Bosher, Kirk, Burger, and others. Duncan McNeil, an old citizen, dead. W. H. Bernard, proprietor of the Wilmington Star, has drawn $2,500 in a lottery.

*Florida.*—Tallahassee has a black police. Gainesville is crowded with visitors. Ex. Gov. A. K. Allison was arrested at Jacksonville, charged with violating the enforcement act. Mr. Antony, conductor, and Douglass, fireman, on J. P. & M. R. R., were scalded to death by steam near Tallahassee.

### Ocmulgee and North Georgia Railroad.

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA., Jan. 30, 1871.

*Editor Constitution:* Our ordinarily quiet town and community was thrown into quite a flutter of excitement, during the last few days by the approach of the engineer corps, now surveying the Ocmulgee and North Georgia Railroad.

On last Friday night, our citizens gave a banquet to the gentlemen composing the corps, which was gotten up with great taste and elegance, at the Globe Hotel, by Mrs. Born, aided by Mrs. Gleun.

At 5 o'clock, quite a large and respectable party of ladies and gentlemen, together with our honored guests, sat down to the tables, which were literally groaning beneath the load of good things. Major R. D. Winn presided with his usual dignity and ability, assisted by Colonel James P. Simmons.

The good with which the plates were dissed, and the rapidity with which the edibles disappeared, sufficiently evinced the appreciation of the party. After the cloth had been removed, the ladies retired, and the wine had been brought upon the tables, then began the "feast of reason and the flow of soul."

I shall not attempt, Mr. Editor, to give you anything like a report of the many sentiments given and responded to, or the many "good things" said. General good feeling and hilarity prevailed. The citizens toasted the guests; the guests toasted the citizens; all hands complimented the ladies, and all went "merry as a marriage bell." The gentlemen composing the corps were called out in turn, and all acquitted themselves handsomely. We regretted the absence of Col. Dubois, chief engineer, called back upon some business connected with the survey, and also of Mr. Cowles, (son of that veteran railroader, Col. Jerry Cowles,) who was absent from indisposition.

We all feel much elated at the prospect of the early completion of this great railroad enterprise.

We learn that such financial arrangements have been made by the board of directors as render the construction of the road a certainty. The survey will not be extended, at present, further than the Air-Line Railroad, above this town, the rigors of the season preventing an advance north.

During the absence of Colonel Dubois, Mr. Powers, a young man of great energy and scientific attainments, has charge of the corps. He informs us that from Macon to this point, and especially from Covington, the road is everything that could be desired—in fact, he did not know of a more practicable route in Georgia. We all know, from the country which it will pass through and develop, and the sections of country which it will unite by an almost air-line, that it will be the most important and best paying road in the State. Success then, say we, to the Ocmulgee and North Georgia Railroad.

Respectfully, M. L. G.

N. B.—Macon papers please copy.

☞ As will be seen by a dispatch elsewhere in to-day's Chronicle, a colored woman who some time since was ejected from first class cars at Alexandria after having purchased a first-class ticket, has obtained $1,100 damages from a Richmond jury for the outrage. This is encouraging, and leads us to believe that colored people will finally be treated as human beings even in the South. [*Washington Chronicle.*

Then may we look for the white people to be finally treated as human beings even in the North?

☞ Miss Sallie Findley, of Rome, is to be the sensation in Atlanta in a day or two. She is a number one compositor and a member of the Typographical Union. The Atlanta printers are dusting their quad boxes in anticipation of her visit.—*Savannah News.*

Miss Findley, the lady above referred to, has arrived, and we congratulate the Atlanta Typographical Union on the valuable acquisition.

BISMARCK AND EX-EMPRESS EUGENIE.—*London, January 26.*—The Empress of the French declared to-day that she never had any intention, and never would sign a treaty ceding a single inch of French territory to the Prussians. In a correspondence, which has passed between the Empress and Bismarck, her Majesty invariably refused to assent to any terms involving the dismemberment of France.—*Cor. N. Y. World.*

☞ Sir Roderick Murchison has received a letter from Africa, giving positive intelligence of the safety of Dr. Livingstone.

## City and Suburban.

☞ Atlanta is plentifully supplied with water at present, without Water-works.

☞ Hon. W. W. Clark, of Covington, is in the city to-day.

☞ Hon. M. A. Candler has returned from a visit to Carroll county.

☞ The concert for the benefit of the Catholic Church has been postponed until to-morrow night.

☞ The Supreme Court this morning reaffirmed the decision of Judge Hopkins, in the water-works contract case, refusing to grant an injunction.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA—*Morning Session*—January 31, 1871.—After delivering opinions, a motion was make to reinstate the case of Hayden Hughes vs. John B. Courtney from Southern Circuit, dismissed at last term for want of prosecution. The Court said they had passed twice upon motions to reinstate it and would not entertain this motion.

Argument of No. 16, Southwestern Circuit, was resumed.

Pending the concluding argument, Court adjourned till 3 o'clock P. M.

CORRECTION.—One of these mistakes so liable to happen, even in the best regulated offices, and so annoying, occurred in a paragraph of our letter from Florence, Italy. The paragraph in question should have read thus: "The walls inside" (speaking of the Chapel of the Medicis) "are about one hundred feet high, and are ceiled with agate, petrified wood, and jasper, and studded with precious stones."

FIRE.—About one o'clock to-day, the alarm of fire was sounded, caused by the burning of the larger portion of roof of the dwelling of Mr. Powers', (the B. D. Smith house,) at at the head of Wheat street. The fire originated in the attic, but from what cause we have not ascertained. The damage by fire and water will amount to five or six hundred dollars. It was, we believe, the property of the occupant. Notwithstanding the heavy rain, the firemen turned out promptly, and were thoroughly drenched (outside) by the rain.

### GEORGIA ANECDOTES.

#### A Racy Collection from Harper's Monthly.

REMINISCENCE OF HON. A. H. STEPHENS.

A story is told of Alexander H. Stephens to this effect:

In the political canvass of 1856 he was accompanied by a shaggy dog, named Rio, that became as well known as himself. In Columbia county he met a Gener J. H. Wright in debate, and wanted him. To postpone the defeat, Wright cried out:

"I demand a list of your appointments, sir! I'll get my documents, and meet you at every place, sir! Yes, sir, I will *dog* you all over this district!"

Stephens pointed to the sleeping Rio by his side, and said:

"Then I'll send Rio home. One *dog* at a time is enough!"

Wright sat down.

AN HIBERNIAN GEORGIA LEGISLATOR'S WILL.

We have, from a Georgia corresponden t the following, of a gentleman of Irish descent, a member of the Legislature, who being seriously ill, sent for a lawyer to draw his will. After devising his estate, he said: "I want it distinctly understood that I except from the will my favorite mule, 'Jack,' and 'the old forked-tree field.'"

The lawyer, as he was about to depart, asked, "But what are you going to *do* with 'Jack' and 'the old forked-tree field?'"

The moribund legislator slowly replied, "I kind o' thought I'd just keep them for myself!"

A GEORGIA COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION.

We are indebted to one of the leading commercial houses of Georgia for the following copy of an order received from a well-to-do planter in Florida, who seems to know well enough what he wants, but whose style is somewhat unixed and irregular:

*To Messrs.* ——: Please send me 5 lb. macaroani, + bbl. brown sugar, + bbl. Irish potatoes, 2 boxes Ely's pink-edge gun-wads No. 11, 1 bag No. 6 shot, 5 galls Robertson Co. whisky (like the first sent), and 10 galls cheap whisky for the negroes. Send me also 2 woosten under-shirts for a lady quite thick, 1 hoopskirt for a lady of some em bon point, and 1 for a girl of 13.

P. S.—Send two sacks salt, a copy of Lewis's Sermons, and the New Testament and Psalms bound together, a keg of flour with large print, and be particular about the Robertson Co. whisky.

The articles enumerated in the last paragraph remind one of two of Lord Byron's lines:

There's nought so much the spirit chaves
As rum and true religion.

A MURRAY COUNTY LAWYER.

Last year a negro, arrested for an infamous crime, was taken out of the jail of Murray county, Georgia, and hung by the mob. While looking at the body as it swung, a limb of the law opened a letter from his morning mail. It was from one of the politicians of the county, urging him to appear for the defense of the negro. "No," he muttered to a friend, after reading him the letter, "we can't practice in the court where that fellow has gone."

BEECHER.—At the end of the sermon, the Herald reporter had an interview with one of the leading members of the Plymouth Church congregation as the people were coming out of the House of prayer. To which he replied, said, "I have been ten years belonging to Beecher's church, and I like the old man first rate. But he is dull to-day. He didn't give any body a shot, did he? The supply of jokes was very short, I guess. You see that fact of the matter is this. We have general 'end men' in this church, but they haven't shown up to-day, and there are a lot of the members of the prayer-meeting who furnish jokes and conundrums for Harper's Drawer,' and also for Mr. Beecher. Harper pays seventy-five cents a joke, even when they do not publish them, but I don't think that Beecher had any sent to him. That was not bad, however, that story about St. Paul being an insignificant, bleary-eyed Jew, was it? I don't want to go to sleep over a sermon. I like to hear those old prophets and martyrs analyzed and pitched into if they deserve it, although I don't go so far as George Francis Train, who says that the Old Testament is the Police Gazette of Jerusalem."

☞ The United Kingdom exported, in 1869 52,291 cwt. of books, representing value of $3,232,295. The books imported weighed 1,-103 cwt., and were of the value of $674,815. Great Britain thus exports more knowledge than she receives. The exports of printed matter to the United States amounted to 19,-075 cwt., of a value of $1,029,625. The export of books from the United States to Great Britain weighed 1,298 cwt., and were worth $56,385.

☞ The Catholic directory of England gives us some interesting information. There are 15 Roman Catholic Bishops in England and Wales; in Scotland, 4. In all the British Empire there are 114 Bishops. In the churches and religious communities in England 1,758 priests officiate. Mass is said in 1,200 different places.

☞ The numerous friends of Chief Justice Chase, will be gratified to learn that he is expected to return to this city at an early day, and resume his duties in the Supreme Court. His health is so far recovered that, on Wednesday morning last, he walked to and in the afternoon rode to Prospect Park, New York, accompanied by the Rev. Joshua Leavitt, D. D., of Brooklyn.—*Washington Chronicle.*

☞ No other country in Europe is so bankrupt as Spain. Its present debt is twelve hundred millions, and the annual expenses of the Government one hundred and fifty millions, about twice as much as the revenue. Its Treasury is soon to issue new obligations to the amount of fifty millions of dollars.

☞ The "grander civilization of Massachusetts" is now exhibiting itself in the shape of a bill before its Legislature granting a divorce to any couple who will live three years apart without any communication. What a blight of doves and general breaking up of nests there will be when this becomes a law.

☞ The strike of the coal miners in the Schuylkill regions of Pennsylvania, continues with no prospects of an early resumption of work. The operators and miners cannot make an adjustment, and meanwhile the societies order and enforce the suspension of all work.

☞ Prince Humbert and wife are to pass the remainder of the winter at Rome.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES*

### WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—The President to-day signed an act equalizing the tax on imported spirits.

### CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 31.—There has been nothing heard of the Colorado. She is over due from Panama.

### INDIANA.

VINCENNES, January 31.—Colonel J. N. Eastman, a stage and mail contractor, is dead.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 31.—Hugh Hastings has discontinued his suit against the New York Express.

A special to the World, dated London Jan. 30th, says: Gambetta has ratified the terms of capitulation, and will not resign.

The Empress Eugenie ordered the Duke of Persigner to quit her presence for urging her consent to the dismemberment of France.

Later—It is reported that Gambetta has committed suicide.

### FRANCE.

BORDEAUX, January 31.—Gambetta forwarded a dispatch by telegraph to-day to Favre, at Versailles, requesting him to break the silence maintained by the Paris government, and to state the name of the minister whose coming to Bordeaux has been announced, the motives of delay in his movements, and to give the precise information respecting the condition of Paris.

Demonstrations have occurred in several French towns against both the armistice and the mutilation of France. The municipality of Lyons appears to maintain its resistance to the Germans, and has sent a deputation to Bordeaux to urge the adoption of general measures for the same object.

VERSAILLES, January 31.—The distress in Paris is great. The destruction of the railroads prevents rapid revictualling. The Germans are supplying the necessities from their own stores. The Germans will enforce a strict passport system during the armistice.

### MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, January 26.—The prospects of the reelection of Juarez are flattering, though the intelligent and wealthy favor Lerdo de Tejado.

The war in Gurriers continues unfavorably to the government.

The Tehuantepec expedition progresses favorably. Engineers report sufficient water on the summit for canal purposes, and rich placers.

### CUBA.

HAVANA, January 31.—Two suspicious masted steamers appeared off Trinidad.

### ENGLAND.

LONDON, January 31.—An official dispatch to the Baden Minister states that Bourbaki entered Switzerland, and his attempt at suicide has been confirmed.

☞ The Sparta Times and Planter thus speaks of the State Road lease:

We denounce Governor Brown and his associates as vile intriguers and sharpers. We pity the man who condescends to cheat an individual, but language cannot express the full contempt we entertain for the man, or set of men who would swindle the public. We do not contend that the lease was illegal, it is enough for us to know that the Brown ring did all they could to cheat the State of Georgia out of eleven thousand dollars monthly.

### Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, Jan. 31, 3 o'clock, P. M. }

Heavy and continued rain this morning has rendered business quiescent. Meats are scarce.

COTTON—Market weak at 13½ for middlings; 13¾ for low middlings; and 12¾ for good ordinary; prime strict middlings commands 14.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 09; selling at 1 11. Silver buying 1 03; selling 1 08 Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

BONDS—Atlanta bonds, 7 per cent. 70a75; do. 8 per cent. 78a80. State of Georgia bonds, 6 per cent., 78a80; do. 7 per cent., 90a92; do. 7 per cent., gold, 96a1 00. State of Tennessee bonds, old, 58a60; do. new, 54a56. State of Alabama, 8 int. 68a70; do. 5 int. 38a41 00. State of South Carolina, 6 int. 68a70, new; do. 6 int. old, 78a80. Georgia Railroad stock 95a1 00; do. bonds 95a1 00. Macon and Western Railroad stock 1 05a1 10. Atlanta and LaGrange Railroad bonds 90a95; do. stock, 95a1 00.

BROOMS—Atlanta made, "Robeson Brand," 2 50a5 00 per dozen.

BUCK MEARS—Clear sides, 13; clear rib sides, 12½; shoulders, 10; hams 14.

BACON—Clear sides 14; clear rib sides 13½; shoulders 11¼; hams 15a17

LARD—Buckets 16; cans, 15; tierces 14a14½.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills 5a6; 5a6; Pittsburg bar, 5a6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8. Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 50; 3s, common, 6 50; 3s, fine, 8 50. Plow steel, 11; cast, 27a28; German, 18a20.

GROCERIES—Corn Meal, 1 60. Rice; 9c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 14a15. Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A. 15½c Extra C, 14¾; Yellow C, 14¼; Brown 12a14. Rio Coffee 20a23¼; Java 35a38. Bezaar, 28. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 25. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 38c. Pepper 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 9c. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 18½. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee 22a24. Cow Peas 1 25; Live Geese Feathers 75c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Eggs, 23a25; chickens, 30a35; sweet potatoes, 1 25 per bushel; Irish potatoes 3 00a3 50 per bbl.; country butter 25c.

FACTORY GOODS—Brown shirtings, 7-8, 9¼ a10; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8, 4-4, 11a12; bleached shirting 3-4, 7a9; bleached shirting, 7-8, 11a14; brown drills, 12½; bleached drills, 15¼; yarns, 114; checks, 14a; Montour Osnaburgs, 14½; Troup, 15; yarns, 1 30.

DRY GOODS—Allens 11; Sprague 11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 8; Amoskeag 10; Ticking—Pittsfield 10; Croton 12; Albany 12; Easton B. 15; Amoskeag D. 22; Hamilton 28; Conestoga 4-4 35; Amoskeag A. C. A. 33.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 57½a 60; medium sound 65a75; fine sound 80a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; ½ kegs $4 00; ¼ kegs $2 25. Blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 2 75; buck, 3 00.

OILS AND PAINTS—Linseed oil, raw, per gal. 1 30a1 35; do, boiled, 1 35a1 40; sperm, 2 50a3 00; whale, 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00. Pure Winter, 1 65a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25. Kerosene, 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 2 00a2 25; Coach, 4 50a5 00. White lead, per lb., 9a14. Glo., pure, 18.

GRAIN—New shelled in store 90; car load lots 87½. Wheat—red 1 30a1 35; prime white 1 40. Oats 65a70. Rye 1 00, in little demand. Barley, 1 10.

LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky—rectified 1 60 a1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robison County 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy 1 50 a3 00; St. Croix Rum 4 00a6 00; Jamaca Rum 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin 1 50a6 00; Scotch 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter 3 00; French Brandy 4 50a12 00.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda, 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone, 14. Copperas, 4a4½. Epsom salts, 6½a8. Madder, 23a35. Opium 16 00a18 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a30 per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 3 00a4 50; pints, 3 00a3 50; per gallon, 3 00a3 25. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a 6 00; per gallon, 1 45a1 50.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole 40a 50; Hemlock, good, 30a32; damaged 25a29; French calf skins 80 00a90 00 per dozen; American calf skins 25 00a45 00; Harness leather 40a48c; upper leather 60a80c; lining skins (sheep) 4 50a9 00 per dozen. Green hides 6c; dry salted 14a16c; dry flint 16a17c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime 50c per bushel; Chewackla 60c. Hydraulic cement 3 00 per barrel; James River 4 50a 5 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 6 00 per barrel.

HAT—Timothy 33 00a35 00; Clover 30 00 a35 00 per ton. Shucks, baled, 1 65 per 100. FERTILIZERS—Zell's Ammoniated Bone Superphophate 60 00 cash, 70 00 time; Patapsco Guano 60 00 cash, 70 00 time. Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate 60 00 cash, 70 00 time.

### Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 31.—Cotton, dull and heavy; middling uplands 15½; Orleans 16; sales 2,000 bales.

Flour quiet and firm. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn lc better. Pork quiet at 33 00. Lard steady. Turpentine quiet at 48a48½. Rosin firm. Freights firm.

Stocks steady. Gold 114. Money easy at 6a6. Exchange—long 9½; short 10¾.

### RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

**Georgia Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 7.10 o'clock, | A. M |
| Leaves Atlanta | 12.15 " | P. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 6.30 " | A. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 6.30 " | P. M |

**Accommodation Train.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 5 15 | P. M |
| Leaves Stone Mountain | 7 10 | A. M |
| Arrives Atlanta | 9 00 | A. M |
| Arrives Stone Mountain | 7 15 | P. M |

**Macon and Western Railroad.**

DAY PASSENGER.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 5.00 o'clock, | A. M |
| Leaves Macon | 7.50 " | A. M |
| Arrives at Macon | 11.30 " | A. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 2.10 " | P. M |

NIGHT PASSENGER.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 3.30 " | P. M |
| Leaves Macon | 8.50 " | P. M |
| Arrives at Macon | 11.50 " | P. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 4.50 " | P. M |

**Atlanta and West Point Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 7.10 o'clock, | A. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 10.00 " | P. M |

**Western and Atlantic Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 8.15 o'clock, | A. M |
| Leaves Atlanta | 10.15 " | P. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 4.07 " | A. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 2.00 " | P. M |

**Cartersville Accommodation.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 3.00 o'clock, | P. M |
| Leaves Cartersville | 5.50 " | A. M |
| Arrives at Atlanta | 10.30 " | A. M |

**Schedule of Rome Railroad.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Rome | 10.00 | A. M. |
| Arrive at Kingston | 10.55 | A. M. |
| Leave Rome | 2.20 | P. M. |
| Arrive at Kingston | 11.00 | P. M. |

RETURNING.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Kingston | 1.00 | P. M. |
| Arrive at Rome | 2.30 | P. M. |
| Leave Kingston | 11.10 | P. M. |
| Arrive at Rome | 12.25 | A. M. |

**St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 8.15 o'clock, | A. M |
| Arrives at Chattanooga | 5.30 | A. M |
| Arrives at Nashville | 2.45 | P. M |
| Arrives at McKenzie | 9.50 | A. M |
| Arrives at Memphis | 5.15 | P. M |
| Arrives at Union City | 11.30 | A. M |
| Arrives at Columbus | 12 40 | P. M |
| Arrives at St. Louis | 11.15 | P. M |
| Leaves Atlanta | 10.15 | P. M |
| Arrives at Chattanooga | 5.45 | A. M |
| Arrives at Nashville | 11.50 | A. M |
| Arrives at McKinzie | | |
| Arrives at Memphis | 4.30 | A. M |
| Arrives at Union City | 9.10 | P. M |
| Arrives at Columbus | 10.40 | A. M |
| Arrives at St. Louis | 7.30 | A. M |

No change of cars from Chattanooga to Memphis. But one change from Chattanooga to St. Louis.

## GENERAL R. E. LEE'S MONUMENT.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That the Executive Committee of the Lee Monument Association, of Lexington, Va., have constituted and appointed George T. Fry and J. E. Godfrey, of Atlanta, Georgia, their General Agents of the United States, to sell for the Association the Picture and Portraits of General R. E. Lee, to raise money in furtherance of the objects of said Association, namely: The decoration and erection of a suitable Monument to the memory of General R. E. Lee, at the Washington and Lee University, at Lexington, Va.

Witness the signature of the Chairman of the Executive Committee, at Lexington, Va., this 11th day of January, 1871.

JAMES K. KOMONDON, Chairman *pro tem.*
CHAS. DAVIDSON, Secretary.

The Pictures offered for sale under the above authority are A. B. Walter's Steel Engraved Life-Size Portrait of General R. E. Lee. Each Portrait to have engraved upon it, "Lee Monument Association, for the Decoration of a Monument at the Tomb of General R. E. Lee, at the Washington and Lee University, at Lexington, Va."

As to the quality of the picture and exactness of likeness, read the following:

TESTIMONIALS.

*From Jefferson Davis, Memphis, Tennessee.*

The engraved likeness of General Lee, which you have submitted, is the best that has ever come under my observation.

*From Major General L. P. Walker, late Secretary of War.*

This is an admirable likeness of General Lee. The very best I have ever seen.

*From J. B. Hood, late Lieutenant General C. S. A. Macon, Ga.*

The likeness of General Lee, published by Bostwick & Winter, of Cincinnati, I regard as most excellent, and the best I have seen.

*From John C. Breckinridge, Lexington, Ky.*

The engraving of Robert E. Lee, by A. B. Walter, is both as a likeness and a work of Art, the best I have ever seen of that great man.

*From J. J. White, President Washington College, Virginia.*

WASHINGTON COLLEGE, VA., Nov. 25, 1870.

GENTLEMEN: Yours of the 18th instant, came to hand, enclosing a steel plate portrait of General Lee, which you have been kind enough to present to this institution over which he presided. In the name of the Faculty I desire to thank you for your kindness in sending so admirable a likeness of the General.

Several of the Faculty, to whom I showed it this morning are very much pleased with it, and think that I can say for the portrait is that every one who has seen it wants a copy. Will you let me know if you prefer you will furnish the portrait or certainly five of the Officers of Washington College, and probably ten or more? Let me know also what is the price engraving, and the price at which you can furnish it with handsome Walnut Frame and glass.

I remain, very respectfully,
J. J. WHITE, Acting President.

*From P. M. B. Young, Major General C. S. A.*

Your steel engraving of General Lee, life-size, is the most perfect likeness I have ever seen.

*From the Atlanta Intelligencer.*

The most beautiful and purely excellent piece of art in the way of Steel Engraving we have ever seen.

*From R. H. Chilton, late General C. S. A. and Chief of Staff to General Lee, Columbus, Ga.*

The engraved likeness of General R. E. Lee, which you have submitted to my inspection, is the most perfect which has come under my observation.

☞ I fully concur in the above opinion of General Chilton.

Late Major General C. S. A.

*From A. R. Wright, late Major General C. S. A.* AUGUSTA, GA.

The Engraving of General Lee, published by Bostwick & Winter is by odds the best likeness of him I have seen. I can only say that approaches anything like a fair likeness.

*From Lafayette McLaws, late Major General C. S. A.* AUGUSTA, GA.

The likeness of General Lee which you have submitted, is certainly the most like like of any yet on exhibition in this section.

*From James T. Bell, Esq., Editor Nashville Union.*

The Engraving speaks for itself and is undoubtedly the best work of its kind of the present century.

*From the Charleston Courier.*

As a specimen of mechanical skill and faithfulness in detail, it cannot be excelled.

*From the Lexington Press.*

Beyond all comparison the most faithful likeness of the departed Confederate ever executed. The loyal ones expressing intellect, truth and kindness, is perfect in every line.

*From the Cincinnati Commercial.*

The probabilities is that posterity will take its best impressions of General Lee as he stood in his Confederate uniform from this splendid *chef d'oeuvre* of portraiture.

*From the Lynchburg (Va.) News.*

It is indeed a most beautiful specimen of one whose memory will through all time occupy the first place in every true Southern heart. The perfection of the engraving as a likeness of our dead hero, and the artistic merit and exquisit skill displayed in the engraver, constitute it a masterpiece.

*From Gideon J. Pillow, late Major General C. S. A.*

I have known General Lee for many years most intimately. I regard the likeness by A. B. Walter the best I have ever seen.

### Agents Wanted in Every Section of the Country.

Sold only by subscription. Agents Wanted in all the States. to whom liberal commission will be paid. Apply to Messrs. Fry & Godfrey, General Agents, Atlanta, Ga., giving references and stating territory desired. FRY & GODFREY,
jan28—dlf Agents United States.

## TENNESSEE HOUSE,

**Rome, Ga.**

J. A. STANSBURY, Prop'r-tor.

THE above Hotel is located within Twenty Steps of the Railroad Platform, and convenient to the business portion of town. Servants polite and attentive to their respective duties. All baggage handled free of charge. Satisfaction guaranteed.

jan29-dlm

### Three Hundred Dollars Worth of

## VALENTINES,

ON hand and for sale very low, in lots to suit purchasers. ORION FOZIER,
jan22—dlfeb5 News Dealer, Atlanta.

### Boarding!

PERSONS desiring board, with pleasant rooms, can be accommodated by applying at the Large Brick House, on Ivy street, near the car depot. Day boarders will find this House convenient to business.
nov4-dtf MRS. E. FITZPATRICK.

## WANTED.

A FIRST-CLASS TINNER, to work at Fort Valley, Georgia, steady employment, and good wages paid. Address J. F. MADDOX,
oct25-dtf Fort Valley, Ga.

### ATLANTA FLOURING MILLS.

ZACHRY & CO., are prepared to supply their old customers with

*ALL GRADES OF FLOUR,*

From the well-known Atlanta Mills.
dec25—dlm

SHOWMEN WOULD DO WELL TO GIVE THE Constitution office a call before going elsewhere to have their Printing done.

## "COLLEGE TEMPLE,"

NEWNAN, GEORGIA.

THE NINETEENTH ANNUAL SESSION of this popular

**FEMALE COLLEGE,**

Commenced Monday, January 16th, 1871.

FACULTY—Composed of experienced Teachers whose hearts are in the work of Education.

TUITION—Lower than any Institution of like grade in the Southern States.

BOARD—As low as good wholesome diet can be afforded.

ACCOMMODATIONS—As good as any student needs who desires to acquire an EDUCATION.

APPARATUS—Library, Pianos, Organ, etc., as extensive as institutions of like grade.

REFERENCES—Our ONE HUNDRED GRADUATES, many of whom are Teachers, Writers for the Press, and the "BEST WIVES in the world," (so say their husbands.)

EXPENSES—Send for Circular to
M. P. KELLOGG, A. M.,
President and Proprietor,
Newnan, Ga.

jan27-dtf

## ATLANTA AND Dahlonega Stage

LEAVES ATLANTA EVERY

**Monday, Wednesday and Friday,**

at 7 o'clock, A. M., and returns

**Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays.**

Passengers wishing to travel by this route can secure tickets at Messrs. Pemberton, Taylor & Co.'s Drug Store, near The Kimball House. jan18—dtf

### District Court—Fayette County.

GRIFFIN, GA., January 30th, 1871.

IN pursuance of the Act organizing a "District Court" in this State, I do hereby give notice that I will hold the first term of said Court for the county of Fayette, in the Court-house in Fayetteville in said county, on Monday, 20th day of February next, and on the 3d Monday in each month following, until further notice. All returns to said Court will be made accordingly. THOS. M. TRUCHAM,
jan24—dlm Judge District Court.

### USE

## Hamilton's Compound TROCHES

OF

## BUCHU,

FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER,

DYSPEPSIA AND RHEUMATISM,

BEING THE STRONGEST PREPARATION OF

## BUCHU

EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC

*I. H. HERBERT & CO.,*

**Proprietors,**

(NO. 37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.)

Sold by all Druggists.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Agents,
Atlanta, Ga

# The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.

# Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, February 1, 1871.


☞ We thank Congressmen Young and Price, of Georgia, and Senator Schurz, of Missouri, for public documents of interest.

☞ It is now claimed that the Senate confirmed the nomination of Admiral Porter in order to endorse his opinion of Grant.

☞ Wm. M. Evarts, the famous New York lawyer, has given a legal opinion that the income tax is unconstitutional.

☞ The Italian Parliament has removed the seat of government from Florence to Rome. It is proposed to remodel Rome to suit, by removing old buildings and otherwise rejuvenating and reconstructing that old burg. It must be modernized to suit progress.

### Another Horror.

The Mississippi river has had another horrible steamboat disaster. The steamer W. R. Arthur had its boilers exploded, killing about forty out of the one hundred people on board, and totally destroying ship and cargo. The weather was freezing. Every phase of horror attended the disaster.

### Those Proclamations.

It is a serious matter that the Governor of a great State should use the position he occupies to squander the public funds for party purposes, his oath of office still staring him in the face. It is a bad precedent to future Governors and a pernicious example to the youths of our land.

The proclamations, with few exceptions, are published in papers of small circulation and limited influence. The tendency of such patronage, if not the intention, is to impose silence in regard to the evil doings of the patron, and such is the result and it is clearly perceptible in certain quarters.—*Griffin Georgian.*

### The Oldest Surviving Congressmen.

The remarks of the Enquirer upon the death of ex-Governor Lumpkin, of Georgia, who was a member of Congress as far back as 1815, have suggested the question to the press: Who is the oldest surviving member of that body? The names of Governor Enos T. Throop, of New York, and George Robertson, of Kentucky, have been proposed. They were in Congress as early as Governor Lumpkin. But it appears James Thatcher, of Bangor, Maine, is deserving of the distinction above alluded to. He was elected to the House of Representatives from Massachusetts in 1802, and held his place until 1805. Nearly seventy years have passed since he was in public life. He was born before the Declaration of Independence, is the oldest graduate of Harvard College, and is now in his ninety-fifth year.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

### Yesterday for the Ladies—To-day for the Lawyers.

Yesterday THE CONSTITUTION gave in its columns an interesting letter about the fashions from its own paid correspondent. To-day we give the full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court of Georgia for the lawyers and litigants. In both cases, the matter is furnished exclusive to THE CONSTITUTION, and this is the only paper in the State publishing original fashion letters and law reports.

To-morrow we perhaps give a foreign letter. Thus newspaper enterprise wags. Original news from all quarters of the earth, and on every subject, and in the interest and instruction or entertainment of every class of people. This is the journal. It is for everybody and about everything. And the successful journal is the one that keeps apace with the age, that meets the general greedy hunger for information, and that spends money for fresh, live news, to pay people for their subscription.

THE CONSTITUTION has been behind no paper in its enterprise. It constantly seeks new attractions and adds new features to its journalistic range. And it is for this reason it is sustained.

### The Ku-Klux.

Day by day the public gets light into the origin and uses of the Ku-Klux organization.

Born of Radicalism, it has served its purpose of affording material for the continued oppression of the Southern people on the ground of Southern rebellious spirit, and the Ku-Klux has been secretly worked by the Radicals to make the facts for the case.

This is no conjecture, but an established truth. As the secrets of Radicalism are coming to light, we are learning the true mechanism, origin and operations of this mysterious organization. The Huntingdon (Tenn.) Courier thus discourses:

"A short time since we printed extracts from a North Carolina paper, showing that the Ku-Klux of that State were Radicals and Loyal Leaguers. We are now in possession of information that, just before the late Gubernatorial election in this State, a Ku-Klux outrage was perpetrated near Hollow Rock, and that the parties were Radicals, two of whom were in the Federal army. Two years or more ago, a masked gentleman was circulating through Columbia, Tenn., as we have been informed, and on his being unmasked, he was found to be a Radical candidate for Sheriff of Maury county. So it goes. Here long there will be the most convincing proof that *there were never any Ku-Klux, except in the interest of Radicalism.*"

### The State Road Lease.

A writer in the Macon Telegraph and Messenger writes a strong article, taking the position that the whole lease is void under a great principle of public policy. The composition of the Brown company shows that there was an agreement between parties that stifled fair competition.

The author's point is contained in the following paragraph:

But we need not speculate, *reliable* information assures us that at one time Gov. Brown and certain associates composed one partnership, proposing (as to Georgia,) two specified railroad companies for sureties, and that it had agreed upon the bid of $25,000; while besides the Dobbins (company) there was *another* partnership proposing to give a different set of railroad companies as sureties, which had prepared a bid *higher* than the Brown bid, and that by some combination on the last day in the morning, it turned out that only the *lower* or Brown bid was handed in!

Any one can see and apply the analogy. There was the evil so clearly condemned by public policy, to-wit: an agreement or combination between bidders, not only tending to *stifle* fair competition, but one that actually silenced a bidder and caused the property (the lease) to sell for less than a party present was prepared to offer.

### Treilhard.

M. C. Vicomte Treilhard, the French Minister at Washington, is a very sensible fellow. A reporter of the New York Herald interviewed him about the war, and it is interesting. His views are racy, and deserve notice. The reporter thus describes him:

The Vicomte is in appearance *distingué* and thoughtful. He is about fifty years of age, and has spent his life in the diplomatic service of his country. His last post of duty was in Chile, whence he arrived a short time ago. After the suicide of M. Prevost-Paradol he was appointed by the imperial government in France. The republic has, however, confirmed him as French Minister to Washington.

The Count is plucky, and his spirit would have roused his country. His grit is shown in

If, for one, do not think the struggle ought to end with the capitulation of Paris. Our best policy is resistance *à l'outrance.* We can hope for nothing from the tender mercies of Prussia. They know we shall never forget the infamies and cruelties practiced by their brutal soldiers. They therefore pursue the course laid down by Machiavelli—"After you have wronged an enemy, kill him, lest he should afterwards revenge himself."

Gambetta he seems to much admire, and sums him up thus:

He is a man of wonderful ability, and is endowed with untiring energy and perseverance. Just look at that exploit of his, leaving Paris by balloon. Up, up he went from the beleaguered city, (making a sign with his hand,) and arrived in Tours in splendid condition, and, as I have been told, with a marvellous appetite. He set to work directly after with a vigor and determination that showed he understood fully the desperate extremity of the situation.

He does not think King William would be so unwise as to rescat Napoleon on the French throne, which he would regard as a misfortune to France. He thinks the Orleanists have no chance. Gambetta would make a good President, and stand a good chance of getting it. Alsace and Lorraine could not be given up with honor.

Of Napoleon, he thus speaks:

Well, he is not a great man by any means, although he for a time governed France with much sagacity. His first blunder was in not aiding Denmark against Prussia. England would have gone to war then if France had joined her. Then he should not have allowed Prussia to crush Austria. There was a fatal error! Napoleon has been entirely overreached by Bismarck. The idle Napoleonteence of national unity has been productive of great results. It has freed Italy, but it has, in the end, turned against Napoleon himself, through its adoption by Germany. France began this war, but Bismarck planned and provoked it. Bismarck wanted war and he was wise enough to make France declare it. War was necessary to him to divert from his Government the attacks of the Prussian House of Deputies, who were eager to repudiate, by an adverse vote, the enormous expense of his military establishment.

He further believes that Napoleon is honest, and has never appropriated public money.

Of Bismarck his opinion is emphatic and original:

"Bismarck is a great man, although I should not say it, for he is the greatest foe of France. He alone brought about the unity of Germany. It was all the work of his brain."

It would have been fortunate for France if he had never been born. Bismarck is an American, who, by some mysterious dispensation of nature, was born in Germany. He has the go-aheadism of a Yankee. Without him German unity would have been a mere ideal theory."

Bazaine he is very generous to, and most probably just. While he was not a traitor, he was a vain would-be politician, mixing diplomacy with his military duty, and proving to be the evil genius of France. He could have easily pierced the Prussian lines for a long time.

The Russian demands for the modification of the treaty of 1856 he thinks are just. England has lost her best ally in France.

The French Minister finally winds up about Greeley in a way that must put the old philosopher to swearing:

I believe he is foggy in the upper story, and then I have been told he swears like a trooper. Apropos of his swearing, I will relate an anecdote I head the other day about him. Greeley being a great man in his way, a child of his was once asked at school "What was the first thing you father does at breakfast this morning? Did he say grace?" "No," answered the child, innocently, "he said, 'Damn the eggs, they are not boiled.'" His reputation as a swearist is established wherever the English tongue is spoken."

### Ireland Looking Up.

The beautiful Emerald Isle, whose sorrows and adversity have filled so large a share in fiction, song and history for many sad years, and whose wandering children make the Irish name famous over the whole world, seems to be rising from her misfortunes and depression.

How far English mis-rule has kept down the genius of Erin will perhaps never be thoroughly and accurately estimated. That a wise and merciful government can do miracles in restoring Ireland to prosperity and greatness is undoubted. This land has furnished with a prodigal hand, statesmen and warriors to every other country. That a people so full of genius should self-exile their brightest spirits to the the service of other nationalities, is a sad commentary upon their system of domestic government.

It would seem that that system, enforced by English power, but affords scope to patriotism and talent for helplessly fretting over unremovable social and political shackles, for suicidally rebelling against despotic wrong, or for truckling to power from degrading policy. Let it be as it may, the Irish at home seem paralyzed in humiliation, while those who want better things appear to deem exile the only way to reach them.

But Ireland seems looking up, as the following interesting statement will show:

Dr. Hancock, in his report in reference to the national provincial banks of Ireland, gives a most favorable account of the increase of capital. In 1864 the capital amounted to $78,116,185; in 1869 it was $113,362,685, being an increase of $35,246,500. The belief that Irish banks could not subsist without English money is totally contradicted by this interesting report, which informs us that all discount business is carried on with Irish capital.

The tenant farmers represent the chief depositors of this fund. These facts speak largely in favor of the increased material prosperity of the Emerald Isle. Rateable property shows also an increase of $149,075 upon last year's returns. At Dublin, in certain portions of the city, house rent has risen from 25 to 100 per cent. Agriculture has benefitted by the high prices paid for like stock, butter and cheese. The exports of porter during the last year amounted to 165,000 hogsheads, and more than one million gallons of whisky left Ireland.

### City Council—Taxation—Bonds.

*Editor Constitution:* I see the Finance Committee recommend the City Council to issue another batch of city bonds, amounting to one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, which will run the bonded debt of the city up to one million of dollars.

As a tax-payer, I protest against this miserable policy of issuing and selling bonds at one-half and one-third their face value, to pay debts and current expenses.

This policy has cursed the State and our city for the past five years. It ought to be stopped. It is like unto the man who, at the end of each year, borrows money at a high rate of interest (5 per cent a month, for instance) to pay interest already accrued upon outstanding notes and current expenses.

Such a policy will, sooner or later, (and in most cases "sooner") break the individual; and this *annual bond issuing policy* will ultimately seriously injure, if not ruin, Atlanta. So high will your rate of taxation soon become in order to meet the interest of a constantly increasing debt and current expenses, that, instead of capital coming from abroad to seek investment here, you will drive home capital to other and more favorable localities. It is to be hoped council will issue no more bonds—at least for the present. Let them practice economy—curtail their expenses—husband their resources—pay punctually at the end of each month or quarter, their *absolutely necessary expenses,* and apply the balance of receipts from taxes and other sources to the floating debt, and before the expiration of the year all will be well, and that too without any increase of the bonded debt of the city.

*January* 31, 1871. CITIZEN.

☞ Somewhere in every circumference of silk and velvet that wriggles along, their's aliers a woman, I 'spose, but how much of the boiler is filled in with meat, and how much is gammon, the spectator dun no. A feller marries a wife, and finds, when it comes to the pint, that he has nothin' in his arms but reg'lar anatomy. Ef man is a gay deceiver, wot's to be said of the female that dresses for a hundred and forty-eight, but hasn't reely as much fat on her as would grease a griddle? —all the apparent plumpness consisting of cotton and whalebone.

☞ Mrs. Maria E. Mills, who figured conspicuously in a recent imbroglio in a boarding-house on Wabash avenue, has commenced a suit of assumpsit against Rev. William H. Knapp, the other party in the affray, laying her damages at $10,000.

☞ Colonel G. I. Young, member of the House of Representatives from Ohio, and editor of the Buckeye State, died suddenly yesterday, as he entered the State House after dinner, with hemorrhage of the lungs.

☞ Count von Bismarck has been appointed Chancellor of the German Empire.

### Negro Squatters.

From various accounts which have been received, United States troops will be required to assist the local and Federal authorities in certain parts of the South in recovering for their legitimate owners, lands which have been squatted upon by negroes, who refuse to vacate and allow those to whom they belong to enter in possession. In the cases where such a condition of affairs exists there seems to be a strong combination of blacks against peace and order if their occupancy is questioned or interrupted.

### Stanton, the Alabama Railroader.

He is said to have remarked that he "didn't care a —— for the credit of Alabama—he had got all out of it that he could." And we learn from Montgomery that he has offered to give Governor Lindsay the names of the Legislative parties that he bribed, and the sums paid to each. He thus violates the traditional maxim of "honor among thieves." [*Mobile Register.*

☞ The passage of the law repealing the income tax by the United States Senate, seems to be construed by some of the politicians into an official condemnation by that body of the policy of Treasurer Boutwell. Boutwell was opposed to the repeal, and lobbied against it. Commissioner Pleasanton urged the repeal. Thus the two leading financial officers of the government, are at loggerheads on a great leading question.

### Thayer to be Provided for.

Among the latest rumors is one to the effect that President Grant will provide for Senator Thayer, by appointing him Minister to Portugal, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Shellabarger.

## DECISIONS
—OF THE—
## SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

*Delivered at Atlanta, Tuesday, January* 31, 1871.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

S. H. Mitchell vs. the State. Assault and battery, from Sumter.

LOCHRANE, C. J.

Whereupon an indictment for assault with intent to murder. The prisoner moves a continuance on the ground of public excitement and sets out in his motion that prejudice exists against him by reason of the prosecutor being the editor of a newspaper, and was keeping the case before the public.

1. *Held,* That this showing was insufficient to take the case out of the general rules laid down by this court governing applications for continuance on the ground of prejudice and excitement, and that the statutory questions prescribed for person protects prisoners from prejudice influencing their judgments upon the law and facts of the case entrusted to their consideration; and this court will not control the discretion of the court below refusing continuances on this ground.

When the Judge asked the counsel for the prisoner if they would consent to the jury dispersing during the progress of the trial, which was given twice and the jury dispersed, and the third time it was asked, prisoner by his counsel, objected, and the jury was held together, and there is no averment of any improper act or interference with the jury.

*Held,* That there is no error in law committed entitling the party to a new trial. But that such enquiry by the court is improper, that juries, after being charged with the consideration of the case, ought not to disperse and intermingle with the crowd; that such opportunity endangers the purity of verdicts, and when allowed ought not to be done by the request of the prisoner's consent in the presence of the jury, thus putting his assent on the ground principle of moral duress, where his refusal might prejudice the jury against him.

When a newspaper publication is presented as the justification of an assault and battery, and the judge refuses by his charge to give such publication the effect of opprobrious words spoken in the presence of the party, or of holding the saying, "I put the publication in the paper as a man, and am responsible for it," is in effect within the provision of the Code:

*Held,* That the Judge was correct in his view of the law, and that the statute only embraces such cases where the opprobrious words are uttered in the presence of the party which in their nature are supposed to rouse the passions, and justify under certain circumstances to be adjudged by the jury instant and appropriate resentment, not disproportioned to the provocation.

Where a party, meeting another, is himself the assailant, demanding explanations, apologies, or using offensive language calculated to provoke a difficulty, and the party thus assailed steps back, putting his hand in his pocket, and the Judge charged the jury, as Mr. M. would have been justified only when H. endeavored to draw a weapon, or make presence of drawing one out, if he struck before any effort or show of drawing a weapon had taken place, and struck because he put his hand in his pocket, he is guilty of assault and battery:

*Held,* That such charge was a correct presentation of the law; and that where a man goes to another to assail him or demand explanations or apologies, or in anger using offensive words, and the party so assailed, without proof of some previous threats, steps away putting his hand in his pocket, it is an unauthorizal presumption of law and fact that he has a concealed weapon, which he is about to draw or use, and that men must act on something more substantial in appearance than this, that there must be some definite act, this is an unwarranted pretext, and allowance of which by courts would be to trifle with human life.

*Held,* The facts in this case sustained the verdict.

Judgment affirmed.

Fort & Hollis, N. A. Smith, for plaintiff in error.

Jack Brown, C. T. Goode, W. A. Hawkins, for the State.

Samuel Blylass, et al. vs. Geo. E. Clark, et al: Refusal of injunction, from Sumter.

LOCHRANE, C. J.

When a party applied to the Chancellor for an order granting an injunction, and the application was ex parte, and was made and decided more than thirty days before the provisions of the last Legislature relative to injunctions took effect.

*Held,* That such refusal of the Judge granting an injunction was in the nature of an interlocutory order, and not such a final judgment, decree or decision, under the 4192d section of the Code, as brought the case within the jurisdiction of the Court; and that the motion to dismiss the writ of error in this case be sustained.

Writ of error dismissed.

C. T. Goode, T. H. Pecquet, by N. A. Smith, for plaintiffs in error.

Hawkins & Burke, for defendants.

Wm. Pomblinton et al. vs. Wm. M. Hardwick. Arbitration, from Sumter.

McCAY J.

Exceptions to an award, on the ground that it is contrary to the testimony before the arbitrators and, therefore, illegal must set out the testimony in full and the record must show such a case of contrariety to the evidence in the award as to require the inference of fraud, accident or mistake in the arbitrators. If there be any evidence to sustain the award the exceptions will be demurrable.

Judgment reversed.

C. T. Goode, N. A. Smith, for plaintiff in error.

Hawkins & Burke, A. R. Brown, for defendants.

L. C. Wells et al vs. The Mayor and Council of Atlanta et al. Injunction, from Fulton.

McCAY, J.

1. The power to contract for the construction of Water-works for the city of Atlanta was, by the original charter of the city, and by the act of September 22, 1870, conferred upon the Mayor and Council of the city, and no portion of the power to the construction and management of such works passed out or away from the Mayor and Council under said act of September 22, 1870, until the Water Commissioners, provided for by that act, as the successors in this respect of the Mayor and Council, were not only elected, but qualified and ready to succeed.

2. When a municipal corporation is, by its proper officers, acting within the scope of its powers and the court of equity will not, at the instance of a portion of the tax-payers of the corporation, interfere to restrain or control its action, on the ground that the same is unwise or extravagant. To sustain such interference, it must appear, either that the act is *ultra vires* or fraudulent and corrupt.

Judgment affirmed.

Mynatt & Dell, Collier & Hoyt, for plaintiffs in error.

A. W. Hammond & Son, for defendants.

(Lochrane, C. J., having been of counsel for defendants below, did not preside.)

A. W. Green, plaintiff in error, vs. Southern Express Company, defendant in error. False imprisonment, from Sumter.

WARNER, J.

When an action of trespass for false imprisonment was instituted by the plaintiff against McCray and Mitchell and the Southern Express Company, in the county of Sumter, where two of the defendants resided, and the defendants appeared by their counsel and filed their joint plea to the merits of the action, without excepting to the jurisdiction of the court.

*Held,* That it was too late for the Southern Express Company, one of the defendants, to object to the jurisdiction of the court on the appeal trial of the cause, although the verdict of the jury on the first trial was against that defendant alone, and the only party entering the appeal.

*Held, also,* That the Southern Express Company, as a corporation, is liable for the acts of its officers and agents, when acting in the sphere of their appropriate duties, and that an agent of said company who arrested the plaintiff, who was suspected with having stolen money from the company for the purpose of recovering the money so stolen for the benefit of the company, was acting within the sphere of his appropriate duty as the agent of said company, and that the arrest of the plaintiff by such agent under the circumstances set forth in the record, was not such a willful trespass on the part of the agent as will exonerate the company from liability for the conduct of their agent in making the arrest, the more especially as the company after the arrest and discharge of the plaintiff, recognized the authority of their agent to make the arrest, by endeavoring to procure a release from the plaintiff for the damages sustained by him in consequence of such arrest and imprisonment:

*Held, further,* That whether the release in the record mentioned was a valid release, or procured by fraud, was a question of fact, to be determined by the jury under the evidence submitted on the trial. On the trial of this case in the court below, the jury found a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of ten thousand dollars. A motion was made for a new trial, which was allowed by the court, to which the plaintiff excepted:

*Held,* That there was no error in the court below in granting the new trial, on the ground that the verdict was grossly excessive, under the evidence as disclosed by the record, the jurors were not authorized to find a verdict for vindictive damages, and it was the duty of the court to have set it aside, as it was contrary to the principles of justice and equity; whilst it is the duty of the court to hold the defendant to a strict performance of the obligation and liabilities imposed by law, it is also the duty of the Court, to protect the company from being wrongfully plundered under the form and color of law, and wherever it is apparent to this Court, that juries, either from passion or prejudice against incorporate companies, have rendered verdicts which are grossly excessive, it will not hesitate to set them aside and grant a new trial. The legal and equitable rights of corporate companies are to be measured by the same standard in the rendition of the verdicts of juries as those of natural persons.

Judgment Affirmed.

Richard H. Clark, C. T. Goode, W. A. Hawkins for plaintiff in error.

Linton DeGraffenried & Irwin, Joseph P. Carr for defendant.

Windsor & Jowers, plaintiffs in error, vs. Perry H. Oliver, defendant. Case from Sumter.

WARNER, J.

When an action for slander was brought by the plaintiffs, Windsor & Jowers, as merchants and planters, against the defendant, alleging that they were honest, reliable merchants, buying and selling goods, wares, and merchandise, and making frequent purchases, by the wholesale and otherwise, from merchants in the city of New York, and having good credit in said city, and that the defendant, on the 6th day of January, 1868, in the city of New York, wickedly intending to defamor the good name, fame and credit of the plaintiffs, did speak, utter and publish the following false and scandalous words, to-wit: They (meaning the plaintiffs) "have sold out; they are not worth fifty cents on the dollar." There was no allegation in the declaration of any *special damage* resulting from the speaking of the words, to the plaintiffs. On the trial of the case in the court below, the plaintiffs were sworn in their own favor, and testified that they had been merchandizing in the city of Americus, that in the month of August, 1867, they sold out their stock in trade and store-house to the defendant, intending thereafter to buy goods and continue the business, *which had not been done.* The court charged the jury, amongst other things: "If the partnership of Windsor & Jowers was actually dissolved, that is, if they had sold out their house and lot, and their stock of goods, and were not in trade at the time of the words spoken, it is incumbent on the plaintiffs to show and prove *special* damage before you can find a verdict in their favor. Any damage, such as precipitating lawsuits against them, and involving them in costs, if proven to have grown out of the words spoken, are special damages such as to authorize a verdict. If special damage is proven, though small, the jury can increase the damages according to the aggravating circumstances of the transaction. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs for the sum of four thousand dollars. The defendant made a motion for a new trial on several grounds, which was granted by the court below, to which, the plaintiffs excepted;

*Held,* That inasmuch as the plaintiffs were not engaged in trade at the time of the alleged speaking of the words, they were not entitled to recover without alleging in their declaration and proving on the trial *special* damages resulting from the speaking of the words by the defendant, and as this was not an action brought by the plaintiffs for the recovery of any *special* damage sustained by them, the charge of the court to the jury in relation to special damages, was error, and the new trial was properly granted by the court below for that error, as well as others stated in the record.

Judgment affirmed.

C. T. Goode, Lyon DeGraffenried & Irvin, for plaintiff in error.

Hawkins & Burke, Fort & Hollis for defendant.

M. A. Johnson, administratrix, plaintiff in error, vs. Thos. J. Stewart et. al., defendants. Equity, from Lee.

WARNER, J.

When a bill was filed by the administratrix of J. K. Johnson, deceased, praying that certain property in the hands of a receiver appointed by the court, under the prayer of a bill heretofore filed for that purpose between other parties, should be taken out of the hands of such receiver, and placed in the hands of the complainant as the administratrix of her intestate, alleging that her intestate died in the possession of the property, and on the hearing of the case in the court below, the following state of facts were disclosed, as appears from the record now before us: that in September, 1869, Stewart, as the guardian of Sallie Beverage, an infant, filed a bill against one Thomas W. Johnson, alleging that he had wrongfully and fraudulently possessed himself of the property of the intestate, J. K. Johnson, and that the said Thomas W. was insolvent; that the property of which the intestate, J. K. Jolfinson, had in his possession at the time of his death was the property of the minor, Sallie Beverage, and was in his possession as her guardian at the time of his death. The property was ordered by the court to be placed in the hands of a receiver; afterwards, in August, 1870, the complainant obtained letters of administration on the estate of J. K. Johnson, the intestate: and

*Held,* that as a general rule the administratrix of the intestate is entitled to the possession of the property of which he had in possession at the time of his death, but when the property in controversy had been placed in the hands of a receiver under the order of a Court of Chancery at the instance of a party claiming the property under an inverse title to that of the intestate, and before there was any administration on the estate, that there was no error in the court below in refusing to order the receiver to turn the property over to the complainant in view of the facts presented by the record. The complainant can be made a party to the equity cause already pending, and in that suit, assert the rights of her intestate to the property whatever the same may be, and thereby, save a multiplicity of suits.

Judgment affirmed.

C. T. Goode, for plaintiff in error.

W. A. Hawkins for defendant.

☞ The Washington Patriot says it is understood that the sub-committee appointed to examine the allegations against Senator Sprague have pretty well determined from their investigations that he is in no way complicated, illegally or discreditably.

☞ Lewis A. Allen, for several year a local reporter on the Cincinnati daily press, is dead.

### HOTEL ARRIVALS,

R. I. KIMBALL HOUSE, JANUARY 31, 1871,

*Crittenden & Co., Proprietors.*

Mrs. J. E. Nance, Ga.; Mrs. H. J. Porter, Lumpkin; R. A. Bacon, Ga.; T. S. Gawett, La.; M. Ellison, Jackson co.; Wm. H. Van Voorhier, N. Y.; G. C. Selman, Charleston; T. M. Dawson, Opelika, Ala.; N. Tucker, Opelika, Ala.; R. E. Brown, jr., Marietta; W. McPherson, Marietta; J. H. King, Ga.; J. R. Watson, Nashville, V. N Crawley, So. Circle; J. F. Shipp, Social Circle, Ga.; J. P. Wilson, Nashville; Rev. J. H. Knowles and family, city; Hon. R. F. Lyon, Macon; S. A. Carter, Eatonton; D. R. Bostick, Macon, Ga.; H. L. Graves, Newton county; W. P. Coldworthy; Baltimore; J. P. Graves, New York; G. W. Bennett, Louisville; Wm. H. Dodge, Philadelphia; A. Y. Wilson, Madison; G. C. Dent, Rome, Ga.; C. Young, Knoxville; D. L. Anderson, Jackson; H. B. Plant, Augusta, Ga.; C. H. C. Willingham, La-Grange, Ga.; S. B. Oatman, W. J. Hammond, D. O'Keefe, city; Jacob Schooler, E. D. Johnson, W. Va.; Eugene Black, Americus; Clifford Anderson, Macon; W. D. Bowers, Atlanta; J. H. Scott, Newark; Hon. John Miller, Malone, N. Y.; Arthur Hood, Cuthbert, Henry Sawer, Cincinnati, Ohio; R. L. Mott, Columbus; James M. Staw and lady, Richmond, Va.; W. H. Smith, North Carolina; S. T. Megill, Powder Springs; W. Hansell, T. D. Adams, Roswell; S. Lemen, Ackworth, Geo.; J. Turner, S. V. Brown, J. C. Wilson, Memphis.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES*

### WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—In the Senate the proceedings of the House on the income tax was nonconcurred in. A conference committee was appointed.

Resolutions welcoming the Fenians was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

A bill to preserve the purity of elections was introduced. Georgia Senators resumed and discussed till the executive session adjourned.

In the House, a bill was passed ordering proceedings for the recovery of the value of the steamer Oneida, run down by the British steamer Bombay.

A bill extending the provisions of the agricultural act to Mississippi was passed.

A bill benefiting soldiers' and sailors' families was passed.

The House appointed a committee on repealing the income tax.

A bill appropriating $15,000 for the expenses of the outrage committee was passed.

Butler from the Committee on Reconstruction, reported back with a recommendation that it do pass the Senate bill prescribing an oath of office, to be taken by persons who participated in the late rebellion, but who are not disqualified from holding office by the 14th amendment of the Constitution.

Maynard argued against the bill, as in effect repealing the test oath act. He hoped the House would hesitate before taking so important, so fundamental and so irrevocable a step.

Morey argued, as to the inconsistency of abolishing the test oath for those who could not take it and retaining it for those who could.

Farnsworth took a like view of the absurdity and incongruity of the bill.

Porter argued against the policy of a measure which would throw open appointments to public office to ex-rebels. He wanted rather to see some legislation to protect the loyal people of the South.

Cox favored the bill as a step towards reconstruction and reconciliation.

Without disposing of the question the House adjourned.

Lewis Downing, Cherokee Chief, who was reported assassinated, is here.

The Government has favorable advices regarding the Tehuantepec ship canal.

The outrage committee examined three witnesses, who testified that the most trouble there grew out of secret political societies.

The Senate confirmed Joshua D. Geddings Assistant Treasurer at Charleston. No Southern nominations to-day.

### BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, January 30.—Immense quantities of provisions are going forward. Soissoin's line will be repaired in forty-eight hours and the direct line in eight days.

### FRANCE.

LILLE, January 30.—The impression is rather favorable than otherwise, with a disposition to await conditions before deciding upon future plans.

### ENGLAND.

LONDON, January 31.—The cutter of the war steamer Shenandoah beat that of the British war steamer Hellicon, in Havre harbor. The American crew made the quickest time recorded.

The armistice begins instantly at Paris and three days later in the Departments, and expires on the 19th of February at noon.

### MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The North German Consul at this port has published an appeal to the Germans of this country, calling on them to renew their subscriptions to the German patriotic fund. He states that the European war, during its latter period has caused Germany more sacrifices than during its former; that the severe winter has increased the sufferings of the Germans from war, and she has not only to provide for her own wounded and a large number of the enemy's, but has to support about 350,000 French prisoners.

### ITALY.

FLORENCE, January 31.—The debate in Parliament on the Papal guarantees has closed. Explanation was made by the Government that the responsibilities it proposed to assume toward the Pope were virtually the same as those adopted by advice of Cavour with relation to the liberties of the Church, and that a practical effort of this policy would be to exempt the Pope from subjection to any temporal authority.

ROME, January 31.—Von Arnim, the German ambassador here, has presented to the Pope an autograph letter from Emperor William, thanking His Holiness for his peace counsels, and expressing conciliatory views. No reference is made to temporal power.

### ENGLAND.

LONDON, January 31—2:30 P. M.—The reassembling of the conference was again postponed, in consequence of the illness of Granville.

The postal communication between London and Paris has been re-opened.

The Prussians are driving cattle into Paris to feed the inhabitants.

Bismarck has ratified the British foreign office. The Dieppe line alone is at present available for the transportation of provisions to Paris, but it is said that until sufficient supplies can be received the Germans will share their stores with the citizens.

The execution of the terms of the convention between Favre and Bismarck proceeded yesterday without interruption.

As the French forces were again advancing south of the Loire in the direction of Tours, they destroyed the bridges at Blois. This stopped the advance, as the French subsequently retreated southward.

The fourth Prussian reserve took 200 prisoners at Pithvant.

The cotton spinners at Bolton have conceded to the advance of five per cent. on the wages of the workmen.

An interesting game of billiards was played in St. James Hall last night, between Roberts and Bennett. The former won by 3753 points after a contest of three and half hours.

LIVERPOOL, January 31.—Arrived steamers Abyssinia, from New York, with 1,767 bales cotton; Helvetia with 3,451; City of Paris with 1,220; Nebraska with 1,767; Bridgewater, from Savannah, with 4,615; Roselle, from New York, with 1,510; Camington, from New Orleans, 2,773; Resolute, from Mobile, 3,873; brig J. L. Pye, from Galveston, with 1,045; steamer Siberia, from New York, with 1,500; ship Progress, from Mobile, with 4,249. Total import cotton for the day 22,040.

☞ It is a curious circumstances that there is hardly a single journalist of note connected with the New York press, who is to the manor-born. Horace Greeley, Manton Marble, W. C. Bryant, O. W. Curtis, C. A. Dana and George Ripley are of New England extraction; H. J. Raymond and Thurlow Weed were born in New York State, Parke Goodwin in New Jersey, J. G. Bennett in Scotland, E. L. Godkin and Jennings are Englishmen, while Whitelaw Reid, Charles Nordhoff, Major Bundy and Junius Henri Brownе are from the West. The only native Gothamites we can recall are Theodore Tilton, Joe Howard and J. G. Bennett, jr.

☞ In answer to the personalities of the Tribune upon Colonel James Fisk, Jun., and some of his private relations, the New York Leader understands that he is preparing a scathing pamphlet, to be entitled "Sinclair's Assignation House of Free-Lovism Rampant in the Tribune Office." It will undoubtedly be racy reading.

☞ Bowles Brothers & Co., American bankers of Europe, are so confident of the speedy fall of Paris, that they advertise to undertake commissions in that city to be fulfilled within twenty-five days from date.

☞ Harper Sneakly has reproduced that horrible picture or Bob Schenck, which originally appeared in Frank Leslie's disreputable paper. Schenck has grounds for action. [*Cincinnatti Enquirer.*

☞ Madeline Henriques, "the sweet, the fair, the beautiful" actress, is soon to assume a new *rôle* in an old domestic drama, in which, if there be more characters than the doctor, the nurse, herself, and another, the odd one is usually called the twin.

☞ There is a movement on foot by prominent Republicans of California, to bring out the name of A. Seligman, a banker, for Governor.

☞ Mr. Beecher says: "I still cling to the heresy that sudden death is not something one would desire to be delivered from. I would rather go so—one moment well and the next gone; I don't want to be like an old harness, tied up with tow strings, always being mended."

☞ An adventuress from Paris, who calls her self the grand-daughter of the first Napoleon, has been creating a sensation in Vienna by her beauty and showy accomplishments.

☞ The present Duke of Wellington, is as insignificant as his father was distinguished.

☞ Napoleon went skating twice last week.


## BOARDING.

TWO large, elegant, and convenient rooms in the Brick Residence of Colonel James M. Calhoun, on the corner of Washington and Alabama streets, can be had on early application to Mrs. P. R. GARNER. Day boarders can also be accommodated on reasonable terms. feb1-d1t

## Special Notices.

☞ DEMOREST & WOODRUFF are offering their present stock of Buggies, Carriages and Plantation Wagons in Atlanta, for cost and freight. Now is your time to get a bargain.

Will open again next fall with a large and elegant stock. feb1-d1t

☞ Pure Curled Hair, for Mattresses, Furniture etc. Also, Springs, Webbing, Hair Cloths, etc., for Upholstery uses generally.

S. B. KENDRICK & SON,
jan31-d1f Marietta Street.

B. C. YATES' GRAND RAFFLE AND SALE AT RINGGOLD, GA.—We call the special attention of our readers to the advertisement of B. C. Yates, which appears in another column. Mr. Yates is well known, and is a man of strict integrity in all his business transactions, and those who purchase tickets in his enterprise, can rely on his acting in perfect good faith with them. His object is to effect a sale of his property at a fair price, not speculation. The house, which is offered as the capital prize, is situated in the best business part of Ringgold, is 28 by 100 feet, built of brick, tin roof and granite front, and is one of the best and most conveniently arranged houses between Nashville and Atlanta. The dwelling consists of four rooms over the store, very convenient, and finished off in neat style. Well in the counting-room, with pump to supply the dwelling. dec4-d1f

## Amusements.

### DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE!

R. DORSEY OGDEN, MANAGER & DIRECTOR

IN consequence of the indisposition of the wealthy, the management have decided for the wonderful child Artiste,

SAPPHO,

to remain during this week. A splendid bill to-night, Wednesday February 1. On Saturday next a Grand Sappho Matinee, at 3 o'clock. feb1-d1t

## New Advertisements.

### FORT GAINES LOTTERY,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
FORT GAINES ACADEMY.

J. B. SIMMONS & CO., Managers.

SUPPLEMENTARY DRAWINGS.

CLASS 51—JAN. 31, 1871, MORNING.

| 1st | 2d | 3d | 4th | 5th | 6th | 7th | 8th | 9th | 10th | 11th | 12th | 13th | 14th |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 72 | 75 | 24 | 46 | 16 | 32 | 25 | 11 | 37 | 78 | 36 | 71 | | |

CLASS 52—JAN. 31, 1871, EVENING.

| 1st | 2d | 3d | 4th | 5th | 6th | 7th | 8th | 9th | 10th | 11th | 12th | 13th | 14th |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | 17 | 43 | 72 | 24 | 57 | 70 | 56 | 73 | 74 | 30 | 14 | 32 | |

Witness my hand at Atlanta, Ga., this 31st day of January, 1871. W. R. BIGGERS, Commissioner.
feb1—d1t

### Notice.

TOLLED before me as estrays, on the 26th day of January, 1871, by James M. Paden of the 53d of District G. M. of DeKalb county, Georgia, one cow and yearling calf. Cow marked with crop off the right ear, and two splits in the left; pale yellow color. Appraised by Thos. N. Paden and E. H. Gress, freeholders of said District, to be worth twenty dollars

ertilizer!

tables!

COMPANY,

with great satisfaction on cotton

ould scarcely produce anything

neral John B Gordon, A. R. Le

tts and S. D. Brown.

W. JOHNSON,

e, Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

Prices

rphosphate!

ANO,"

hosphate.

one.

solves a name in Georgia.

eep!!!

& CO.,

Provision Dealers,

nd Mitchell streets Atlanta.

OFFER TO THE

C THE

RTILIZER.

ANN'S

PERPHOSPHATE,

IVERSAL SATISFACTION

in quality to that previously

M. AND REFER TO ALL WHO

ICE!

cars at Charleston.

tances, due November 1, de-

cars at Augusta.

tances, due November 1, de-

& CO.,

N MERCHANTS,

Carolina.

e of Atlanta.

desire to inform you that

ock of

Y GROCERIES,

Mitchell street, between

hich we invite your atten-

e been selected with the

them being received at the

m frat hands and are war-

r purpose being to get only

Choice.

which we call your special

ods, are—

FEES:

AVA, RIO.

, Black and others.

GARS:

Granulated and

mon.

all kinds.

GOODS:

h, Meats, Fruits,

Sauces, Salid Oils,

kers, Sardines.

ISKY:

COTCH, IRISH,

ure Imported.)

DEIRA, PORT,

ock, unexcelled in quality

anywhere.

ll be Delivered

CITY LIMITS,

Charge,

ill be made at stated times

u deliver the goods, guaran-

to be as represented.

efully solicited.

NSEND & CO.,

Mitchell Street,

een Broad and Whitehall.

R, Auctioneer.

rator's Sale.

er of the Honorable Court of

ounty, Georgia, we will sell

oor, in Atlanta, within the

N FEBRUARY NEXT,

-wit:

ng cast on Peachtree street

along Ellis street 307 feet,

of Dr. Chapman Powell, de-

in city lot No. 2, at the

d Broad streets, on which

of brick buildings, known

brick store thereon, now

ere, and a Bowling Alley on

on Peachtree street 254

of 100 feet,

ing the above on the south,

building, known as the

ood, fronting on Peachtree

ng back 100 feet, both of the

parts of city lot No. 88,

ning parts of land lot No.

2, of land lot No. 77, as

Decatur streets, fronting

and 36 feet on Decatur

lots, as per plat; all being

ally Henry, now Fulton,

ty of Dr. Chapman Powell, de-

d, for the benefit of heirs

ons of the most central

Atlanta, and persons de-

well to examine it before

e Six Months, with legal

WALLACE & FOWLER,

e undersigned.

OM A. POWELL,

JOHN J. POWELL,

Administrators.

870. dec11-dawtd.

. VASON,

athic Physician.

Railroad Building, Front

jan17—dlawtw

LS, LETTER-HEADS

of Mercantile Printing

ion with dispatch.


# The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, February 1, 1871.


## City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Many strange ladies in town getting shoes at I. T. Banks.

Private boarding—L. B. Davis.

Copartnership—J. R. Simmons & Co.

Boarding house to rent—L. B. Davis.

Boarding by Mrs. T. S. Garner.

Fort Gaines Lottery—W. R Biggers.

Copartnership notice—Bramby & McPherson.

Closing out—Demarest & Woodruff.

The Wonderful Child-Artist—Sappho at DeGive's.

China, Glass, and Queensware—A. S. & T. C. Maynon.

Notary notice—J. L. Wilson.

Gilham's Cotton Fertilizer—Mark W. Johnson.

SEVERAL local notices crowded out.

D. W. D. Boully, of the Lawrenceville Advocate, was in the city yesterday.

RAPHANUS CAUDATUS in Tuesday's Constitution. Look out for it.

MUCH of the soil about Atlanta is in liquidation about now.

BEFORE JUSTICE JOHNSON.—Henry Mcgreef, charged with an assault on J. N. Dunn. The case was settled by each party paying his cost.

SOME young gents went out into the suburbs the other night, and captured thirteen possums in the area west of Whitehall.

THE oratorio for the benefit of the Catholic Church comes off at the Catholic Church to-night. It promises to be the rarest musical treat of the season.

CALABOOSE.—There were about twenty-five inmates at this place yesterday. About fourteen of them females.

AUCTIONS.—Do not fail to attend the sales of Mayson, at his auction room on the 3d and 4th. He offers a large quantity of crockery, china and glass ware. Also, two excellent pianos.

MESSRS. BRUMBY & MCPHERSON have opened a staple and fancy grocery business at the late stand of Crawford & Bro., on Whitehall street. We commend the new firm to the patronage of the people.

A SOG as impenetrable, at least as hard to understand, as that which surrounds the top of Colebridge's Ida, or Olympus, enveloped the city yesterday morning.

"THE ROUND RED SUN FORGETS TO SHINE".—We are still having a continuation of miserable bad weather—any quantity of mud, and no immediate prospect of a better time.

YOUTHFUL.—An old, colored man, Edward Barkley, seventy years of age, applied to Judge Putman yesterday for a license to marry an old woman who was sixty-five.

JOHN H. ELYNN, to-day, assumes his old position on the State Road—Master Machinist—and Martin H. Dooly that of Superior. Both are honest, energetic and efficient officers, and we congratulate the new company upon their selection.

P. SIMPSON, Esq., has become associated with R. Simmons in the commission business. Mr. S. is an active and energetic gentleman, and numbers one of Atlanta's popular and prompt merchants. Success to them.

AT seven o'clock last night, a fire was discovered in the Georgia Railroad Blacksmith Shop, but was extinguished before the engines could get to work. Origin supposed to be accidental. The fire companies turned out in the rain to—get wet.

"THE way of woman's will is hard to know." A white woman with her colored husband passed through the city yesterday on her way to New Orleans. She was formerly from New Bedford, and has been teaching school in South Carolina.

BEFORE JUSTICE SPENCER.—The State vs. Alice Lee, colored, larceny of ladies' clothing. This case was up yesterday. The defendant was found guilty, and required to give bond in the sum of two hundred dollars, or go to jail.

"Not Hercules
Could have knocked out his brains, for he had none."
A colored man coming to the city last evening on Peachtree road, fell from a load of wood on his wagon, and received some slight damage on the top of his head.

YESTERDAY was a rainy day. Mud was freely converted into slush; general suspension of business; but very few pedestrians out. Occasionally a close carriage might be seen in front of Mc-Bride's or going to the depot. So we suppose all the cradle in town was from abroad.

POLICEMEN Dickson and Kendrick last evening by virtue of a search warrant entered the house of Shaan Spear (colored) on Peachtree street, and captured two English walking coats, (new), three razors, one silver single case watch, and other articles, supposed to be stolen. Any one having lost such articles can find them at Police Headquarters.

THE condition of the side walks on Broad street, between Marietta and Mitchell streets, is almost impassable for pedestrians. A little more water is necessary to render it navigable for boats. There are several quarries of stone near the city, and a small deposit at Stone Mountain, from which dagging might be obtained.

MAYOR'S COURT.—There were seven cases before His Honorem yesterday—four cases of drunk and disorderly conduct, two for keeping open doors and selling liquor on the Sabbath, and one for interfering with officers in the discharge of their duty. Fines imposed amounted to forty-five dollars. Mayor Hammond shows no disposition to countenance a non-observance of the Sabbath, or be lenient to law-breakers.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.—*Evening Session.*—January 31, 1871.—Argument of No. 18, South Western Circuit, was concluded.

No. 17, Adolph Cohen vs. Myers Cohen & Co. et al. Equity from Macon.

Morgan & McCarthy, Lamar, Anderson, for plaintiff in error.

Keddie & Jackson, for defendants.

Pending the reading of the record Court adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

"WHO gives anything to poor Tom?" The above question from King Lear can be properly asked just at this time. Every day little children can be met with on the streets who beg for money to buy bread. Yesterday we met a small girl who piteously stated that she was an orphan, lived with a poor woman who treated her very indifferently, and that she was sent out to beg. The poor, and particularly orphan children, should be looked after and cared for. We like that lath pity on the poor lendeth to the Lord: and that which he hath given will he pay him again."

CAPTAIN A. D. ROCKAFELLOW, who has acted as chief master of ceremonies in several Fifteenth Amendment celebrations since his advent here, we learn, is getting up a petition to have Postmaster Cunning removed, and himself appointed in his stead. Reynolds' how these carpet-baggers do hanker after office. If he succeeds, then those five hundred tobacco lanterns and torch-burners can be used! Dunning is a Radical, though not one of the straightest sort, as he refuses to sing Bradley's songs; but he is a carpet-bagger!

ATLANTA LODGE, No. 1, I. O. G. T.—The following officers have been elected:

W. C. T., J. K. Thrower.
W. V. T., Miss Emma Atkinson.
W. S., L. Y. Hicks.
W. T. S., O. T. Dozier.
W. T., John A. Middleton.
Chaplain, O. A Thrower.
W. J. G., Miss Powers.
W. O. G., —Stegall.

PICK-POCKETS.—That there are quite a number of these men in our city is very evident to any of our Policemen. In fact, they *feel* very confident that they have a number of them "spotted," and are only delaying matters so as to be certain. Speaking in this connection of our Police force, would it not be economy in the long run, to have a larger force—at least for the present? It is true that our city limits are not being extended, yet are not the duties of Policemen daily increasing? We can point to localities that a few months ago had only one or two houses on the ground that are built up. The business of the city has enlarged, and in various ways a demand for policemen is called for. Enlarge the force, say we, and if in future the excess of force exceeds the demand, then cut down the number.

Another thing, as the number of men now stand, it is unjust to have lamp-lighters made of policemen. Some of the wards travel over a good deal of ground, and the lamps are scattered, necessarily, requiring a good deal of time running round lighting up. This is no proposition to increase the expenditure of the city funds, but, in our judgment, it is economy to appoint or elect some men as lamp-lighter.

THE STREETS.—The streets, their condition, and what is to be done is now much talked of, and written about. The Street Committee appear to have been diligently at work, and a good many made-up jobs in many localities, residents are crying out for sidewalks, and for better streets. A large number of streets are not paved, and a majority of them are in a bad condition. Something is necessary, but what? Where was some discussion about a short time back relative to paving the streets, but when, and what with? Some persons say that the cobble stone is an abomination in the sight of horse and man; others regard the Belgium as a disagreeable dust producer, and as being deleterious to health.

Many insist that stone pavements will wear out but so does, wear and tear vehicles, cause a clattering and trilling noise, a sliding of wheels, a slipping of horses, and a soreness of human bones. Then again there are those who say that wood will be the best for pavements, that wood makes a good street to ride on, is neat, smooth, gives certain footing, is safe and satisfactory; while others insist that wood is to bar expensive, in—r will not preserve it, and that it is dangerous. Now one thing is quite

"WHO gives anything to poor Tom?" The above question from King Lear can be properly asked just at this time. Every day little children can be met with on the streets who beg for money to buy bread. Yesterday we met a small girl who piteously stated that she was an orphan, lived with a poor woman who treated her very indifferently, and that she was sent out to beg. The poor, and particularly orphan children, should be looked after and cared for. We like that lath pity on the poor lendeth to the Lord: and that which he hath given will he pay him again."

CAPTAIN A. D. ROCKAFELLOW, who has acted as chief master of ceremonies in several Fifteenth Amendment celebrations since his advent here, we learn, is getting up a petition to have Postmaster Cunning removed, and himself appointed in his stead. Reynolds' how these carpet-baggers do hanker after office. If he succeeds, then those five hundred tobacco lanterns and torch-burners can be used! Dunning is a Radical, though not one of the straightest sort, as he refuses to sing Bradley's songs; but he is a carpet-bagger!

ATLANTA LODGE, No. 1, I. O. G. T.—The following officers have been elected:

W. C. T., J. K. Thrower.
W. V. T., Miss Emma Atkinson.
W. S., L. Y. Hicks.
W. T. S., O. T. Dozier.
W. T., John A. Middleton.
Chaplain, O. A Thrower.
W. J. G., Miss Powers.
W. O. G., —Stegall.

PICK-POCKETS—That there are quite a number of these men in our city is very evident to any of our Policemen. In fact, they *feel* very confident that they have a number of them "spotted," and are only delaying matters so as to be certain. Speaking in this connection of our Police force, would it not be economy in the long run, to have a larger force—at least for the present? It is true that our city limits are not being extended, yet are not the duties of Policemen daily increasing? We can point to localities that a few months ago had only one or two houses on the ground that are built up. The business of the city has enlarged, and in various ways a demand for policemen is called for. Enlarge the force, say we, and if in future the excess of force exceeds the demand, then cut down the number.

Another thing, as the number of men now stand, it is unjust to have lamp-lighters made of policemen. Some of the wards travel over a good deal of ground, and the lamps are scattered, necessarily, requiring a good deal of time running round lighting up. This is no proposition to increase the expenditure of the city funds, but, in our judgment, it is economy to appoint or elect some men as lamp-lighter.

THE STREETS.—The streets, their condition, and what is to be done is now much talked of, and written about. The Street Committee appear to have been diligently at work, and a good many made-up jobs in many localities, residents are crying out for sidewalks, and for better streets. A large number of streets are not paved, and a majority of them are in a bad condition. Something is necessary, but what? Where was some discussion about a short time back relative to paving the streets, but when, and what with? Some persons say that the cobble stone is an abomination in the sight of horse and man; others regard the Belgium as a disagreeable dust producer, and as being deleterious to health.

Many insist that stone pavements will wear out but so does, wear and tear vehicles, cause a clattering and trilling noise, a sliding of wheels, a slipping of horses, and a soreness of human bones. Then again there are those who say that wood will be the best for pavements, that wood makes a good street to ride on, is neat, smooth, gives certain footing, is safe and satisfactory; while others insist that wood is to bar expensive, in—r will not preserve it, and that it is dangerous. Now one thing is quite

way of a move in the matter, this reporter would suggest that there is a great quantity of unnecessary mud and dirt on many of the streets, why not remove it?

REPORT OF W. R. BIGGERS, CHIEF OF FIRE DEPARTMENT.—Willis R. Biggers, chief of Fire Department, has submitted his annual report to Council, showing the operations of the Department, and containing many important suggestions.

On the subject of "expenses" he cites statistics to show that the expenses of keeping up the Atlanta Fire Department is less than the expenses of a single company in many cities. New York pays fifty fire companies $907,863 74, an average of $17,656 61; Boston, twenty-eight companies $250,087 00, an average of $8,967 00; St. Louis, twelve companies $131,498 04, an average of $10,906 70; New Orleans, thirty-eight volunteer companies $120,927 69, an average of $3,429 87; Cleveland, Ohio, nine companies $81,643 00, an average of $9,071 33; Albany, New York, eight companies $113,327 00, an average of $14,154 62; Mobile, nine companies $40,700 00, an average of $4,522 20. He recommends a more efficient Fire Alarm, and the purchase of a new steamer.

*From* June 30, 1869, to December 31, 1870, a period of 18 months, there were sixteen fires and nineteen false alarms. February, April, and May had three fires each. There were five false alarms in June and four in August, 1870.

One hundred and two thousand eight hundred and nine dollars' worth of property was saved during the time; $690,000 worth of property was destroyed because it could not be reached by engines.

There are twenty-three cisterns in the city—six in the first Ward, four in the second, one in the third, four in the fourth, and eight in the fifth.

CITY FINANCES.—The City Fathers meet to-night to consult upon the best plan to manage the financial affairs of Atlanta. With a floating debt of $104,000, something must be done, and that speedily, Ald. Lowry, Chairman of the Finance Committee, a cool, clear-headed, matter of fact business man, favors the issuing of $120,000 eight per cent. bonds, running for thirty years, to retire this floating debt. Mayor Hammond, looking at the question in a business light, favors the adoption of this plan. With the floating debt retired, an economical administration of municipal affairs will run the city through on its income, without increasing the taxes of the people.

To increase taxes at this time is considered impolitic, unwise, and detrimental to the progress and prosperity of the city. To borrow money to meet present indebtedness (and there are debts now due that must be met speedily) is suicidal. The lowest rate of interest on "short call" is one per cent. per month—the average rate, one and a half. In the thirty years the floating debt will be largely augmented unless retired. The difference between the borrowing system and the bond system in thirty years is about $300,000 in favor of the latter. We happen to know that Mayor Hammond and Alderman Lowry are not wedded to the plan spoken of, and think we do not err in saying that they will readily adopt any surer, safer, and better plan submitted to them. What they earnestly desire is some plan to meet the present and pressing demands of the city. Let the financial Savans illuminate the council with the light of practical suggestions. Let the matter be thoroughly discussed and digested. The grand object to be attained is to meet the indebtedness without increase of taxes.

THE inclemency of the weather last night prevented as large an attendance at DeGive's as the merits of "sappho" demanded. As Gertrude, "Sappho" was the sunny, warm hearted, loving child. Mr. Ogden, who has a fine personelle, and is a superior actor, filled the role of Cousin Walter to perfection. We have not space to dwell upon the merits of Miss Leila, Miss Maggie Harold, and the rest of the troupe. The company will remain during the week, and we trust that the weather will clear off in order that DeGive's may be jammed. A superb bill is announced for to-night.

## Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 31.—Cotton dull, heavy and nominal, sales 2,000 bales middlings at 15¾.

Flour—Southern firm; common to good extra 7 00a7 60; good to choice 7 65a8 75. Whisky heavy and lower. Wheat—winter red and amber Western 1 60a1 61. Corn 1a2 better; new 88a90. Pork dull; new 23 00. Beef firm. Lard firm. Freights a little firmer.

Money very easy at 4a5. Exchange firm. Gold 11¼. Governments very strong. 62s 10¾. Southerns dull. Tennessees 64¾. Virginias 64; new 60¾. Louisianas 66; new 60. Levees 71; 8s 80. Alabamas 98; 5s 65. Georgias 81½; 7s 87. North Carolinas 46½; new 24. South Carolinas 78; new 24.

LATER.—Prime discounts 7a8. Gold strong and active. Sixes 12½; 62s 10½; 64s 10; 65s 10; new 8½; 67s 9½; 8s 9¼; 10-40s 9¼.

NEW ORLEANS, January 31.—Cotton in demand at lower rates; middlings 14¼a15; net receipts 3,839 bales; gross 4,128; sales 10,600; stock 211,458.

Flour scarce; superfine 6 37½; double extra 6 75a6 85; treble extra 7,50a12 00. Corn 69a68. Bacon 11a13¼. S. C. hams firmer at 17½. Pork quiet, holding at 23 75. Lard; tierce 13a13½; keg 14¼a14¾. Sugar, good to common 7a7½; prime 9¼a9¾. Molasses unchanged; common 30a40, prime 51a53; choice 57a58. Oats 70. Bran 1 40. Hay, prime 26 00a27 00; choice 28 00. Whisky dull at 95a1 05. Coffee—prime 15¾a15¾.

Sterling 21. Sight ½ discount. Gold 104.

MOBILE, January 31.—Cotton easier; middlings 14¼a14½; net receipts 5,350 bales; exports to continent 1,380; sales 500; stock 73,231.

CHARLESTON, January 31.—Cotton dull; middlings 14¼a14½; net receipts 1,958 bales; sales 500; stock on hand 47,139.

NORFOLK, January 30.—Cotton dull; low middlings 14; net receipts 1,047 bales; exports coastwise 1,027; sales 100; stock on hand 9,884.

WILMINGTON, January 31.—Cotton steady; middlings 14¼; net receipts 790 bales; exports coastwise 231; stock on hand 3,171.

SAVANNAH, January 31.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 14¼; net receipts 5,838 bales; sales 1,400; stock on hand 91,315.

CINCINNATI, January 31.—Flour firm and scarce; family 6 75a6 90. Corn advancing at 55a55. Mess pork dull at 22 00a22 50. Lard drooping; kettle 12¾. Bacon dull and unchanged. Whisky firm at 89.

ST. LOUIS, January 31.—Flour firm; superfine western 4 50a4 65. Corn easier; mixed bulk 47a50. Whisky 90. Pork easier at 22 50a23 00. Bacon quiet; shoulders 10; clear rib sides 12¾. Lard quiet.

BALTIMORE, January 31.—Cotton dull; middlings 15¼; net receipts 125 bales; gross 44; exports coastwise 325; sales 400; stock on hand 11,555.

Flour active; city mills advanced 25c. Wheat firm and active. Corn firm and scarce; white 80a90; yellow 83. Whisky 95a96.

AUGUSTA, January 31.—Cotton market dull and irregular at 14¾a14½ for middlings; sales 570 bales; receipts 1,240.

GALVESTON, January 31.—Cotton quiet; good ordinary 13; net receipts 3,959 bales; sales 700; exports to Great Britain 1,266; coastwise 795; stock on hand 62,171.

BOSTON, January 31.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 15¾; net receipts 82 bales; gross 1,565; sales 300; stock on hand 7,000.

LIVERPOOL, January 31, noon.—Cotton dull; uplands 8a8 1-16d; Orleans 8¼a8 5-16d; sales 10,000 bales.

Afternoon.—Cotton, sales 8,000 bales, including 1,000 at Charleston, at 7¾a8d for middling uplands. Breadstuffs quiet. Pork 97s 6d. Lard 62s 6d.

LONDON, January 31, noon.—Consols 92¼a92¾. Bonds 90¼.

☞ It is stated that Thomas A. Scott will be the president of the Union Pacific Railroad.

## Local and Business Notices.

A WARNING.—There is no case of Consumption that did not commence with a cough. Therefore the slightest Cold or Cough should receive immediate attention. Take at once the great remedy of the age, Dr. Tutt's Expectorant, and thereby save years of suffering; perhaps life itself. feb1-d1w

A CHOICE lot of Embroideries will be offered very cheap at the store of
JOHN KEELY,
Corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets.
jan29—d1w

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., has the most courteous proprietors, polite and accommodating clerks.
jan29-d1w

A NICE lot of White Goods, including Jaconets, Plain and Checked, Nainsooks, do. do., Swiss do. do., just received from auction—will be offered cheap at
JOHN KEELY'S,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.
jan29—d1w

A CHOICE lot of Laces, Lace Collars, etc., will be offered cheap, from this date, at
JOHN KEELY'S,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.
jan29—d1w

IF you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes bad, poor appetite and tongue coated, you are suffering from Torpid Liver or "Biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext. or Golden Medical Discovery. Sold by all druggists.
Jan29-d1w&w1t

HE WHO WAITS TO DO A GREAT DEAL OF GOOD NEVER DOES ANY—Therefore, we advise our readers to take time by the forelock and do a good deed for themselves and family (if they have any) by at once supplying themselves with one or two bottles of Lippman's Great German Bitters, the standard tonic of enlightened Germany. Don't procrastinate; for the longer you wait the more will be necessary to make a permanent cure. To all those suffering with Indigestion, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite and the other followers of a disordered digestion, we advise a timely use of these bitters, being palatable to the taste. They are taken by all, whether old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

☞ A. C. & R. F. Wyly, and A. J. West & Co., Atlanta, Ga., Wholesale Agents.

EVIDENCE accumulates, that no Baking Powder can stand the test of a careful chemical analysis like Dooley's Yeast Powder. Although subjected to the most critical analysation, no ingredients could be found entering into the composition but such as are perfectly pure and nutritious. This accounts for the entire and uniform satisfaction given by Dooley's Yeast Powder in the culinary department.

It is the cheapest, best, and most reliable Baking Powder known, and is recommended upon its merits alone. Your Grocer keeps it. jan28-d1w

If you want Rosadalis, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street.
july10-dly

LARGE consignment of Furs just received by the undersigned, to be sold at manufacturer's prices. MRS. FRANK.
dec21-dtf

IF you want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

BOARD AT LOW RATES.—Mrs. Overby has reduced day board to $20 per month, from and after February 1st.

She can also supply comfortable rooms at less than usual rates.

Granite Block, Broad Street.
jan28-d4t

NOW is your opportunity to buy a set of Furs at manufacturer's prices at
dec21-dtf MRS. FRANK'S.

Go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery.
july10-dly

LEITER continues to do all kinds of Ruling and Book Binding, Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga.
nov17-dly

IF you want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street.
july10-dly

LADIES, send your magazines, music, papers, etc., to Hanleiter for Binding.
nov17-dly

IF you want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street.
july10-dly

GO TO Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-dly

LAWYERS, send your pamphlets to Hanleiter's and have them bound. nov17-dly

50 DOZEN Lard Cans for sale cheap by
L. B. LANGFORD.
dec16-dlf.

IF you want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

PLENTY FOR EVERYBODY.—John Peel's is the place to get fresh fish, oysters, Bologna sausage, fruits and confectioneries. One hundred boxes fine oranges, over 20,000, just arrived. Wholesale dealers will find it to their interest to call.

Cash system in future. nov27-dly

GOOD NEWS FOR THE LADIES.—I am just in receipt of a large assignment of Ladies and Misses Furs, which I am instructed to close out at manufacturer's prices. Call soon and secure a bargain never before offered in this market. MRS. J. FRANK,
Decatur St., opposite City Park.
dec21-dtf

GREAT BARGAINS in Table Linens will be offered from this date at
JOHN KEELY'S,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.
jan29—d1w

OUR INVISIBLE ENEMIES.—The raw, astringent atmosphere of winter creates and aggravates many ailments. To protect themselves as effectually as possible against the invisible dangers which surround them at this season, should be the especial care of persons constitutionally delicate. As there is no medicinal preparation in use which so thoroughly braces and invigorates the stomach, the liver, and the nerves, as Hostetter's Bitters, a course of that agreeable tonic is particularly advisable for dyspeptic, bilious, and nervous sufferers, in the cold, damp, and trying weather which generally prevails in our climate at this period of the year. Sudden chills have a very bad effect upon dyspeptics and individuals of bilious habits, not unfrequently producing congestion of the liver or bowels, or low fevers, sometimes of an intermittent or remittent character. Attacks of rheumatism are also to be apprehended, and where there is a tendency to that complaint the Bitters will be found the best preventive. The operation of the great vegetable tonic is direct and simple. It stimulates and strengthens the digestive and secretive organs and the nerves, and puts the system in a condition to resist the action of those formidable foes of vitality, a low temperature and unwholesome winds and fogs. By quickening the superficial circulation, without creating anything approaching to fever, it imparts tone to the skin, and thus renders the surface of the body comparatively impervious to unhealthy external influences. jan29—d1w

CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS.—Dr. E. P. Healy cures the above by Cancer Antidotes. No knife; little pain. Kline's branch office at M. Stubblefield House, Atlanta, Ga.
jan4-dweds&sat3m

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.—Hanleiter is a candidate to do all kinds of Ruling and Binding. nov17-dly

TAKE NOTICE.—That on and after this date the CASH SYSTEM will be strictly adhered to in our business—no discrimination in favor of any one. Don't ask credit, for we will not give it.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.
Atlanta, November 20, 1870—dtf

TO MY NUMEROUS LADY FRIENDS AND OTHERS!—You will now find at my well known establishment, a complete assortment of Ermine Trimming, Swan's Down Cloakings, Velveteen Dress Goods, Ladies' Underwear, Millinery Goods; in fact, Ladies' and Children's Goods of every description, at my usual low prices. MRS. FRANK,
dec21-dtf Decatur Street.

THE GERMANIA LOAN AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—The Books of this Association will remain open, at Messrs. Beerman & Kuhrt's store, on Whitehall street, for the subscription of stock until the second Tuesday of February next, the day of the next monthly meeting, and *no longer*.

Those wishing to take shares are respectfully invited to call on the Treasurer, Mr. Chas. Beerman, at an early day.
CHAS. RAUSHENBERG,
jan15—sun&tues tilfeb14 Secretary.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—Geo. Cook & Co., Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. The largest house in the Southern States. Mr. Wm. M. Shackleford, an experienced gentlemen, superintends the Musical Department. Professional and Amateur Musicians will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Everything pertaining to the "Art Melodious," to be found here. Special attention paid to Tuning Pianos.
GEORGE COOK & Co.,
aug24-d1y Marietta street.

PIMPLES ON THE FACE.—For Comedones, Blackworm or Grubs, Pimply Eruptions and blotched disfigurations on the Face, use Perry's Comedone and Pimple Remedy. Depot 49 Bond Street, New York. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

FOR MOTH PATCHES, FRECKLES AND TAN, use "Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion." The only reliable and Harmless remedy known to science for removing brown discolorations from the face. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, 49 Bond Street, New York. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Wholesale by
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.
dec30—deod3m

WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND.—To relieve the aching head of woman, and bring joy where sorrow reigned supreme, is a mission before which the smiles of kings dwindle into utter insignificance. To do this is the peculiar province of Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator; which, from the numberless cures it has accomplished, is appropriately styled Woman's Best Friend. The distressing complaint known as "whites," and the various irregularities of the womb, to which woman is subject, disappear like magic before a single bottle of this wonderful compound. It is prepared by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga., and sold at $1.50 per bottle by respectable druggists everywhere. Physicians prescribe it. Its action is prompt, sure and decisive.


**Ask for and Use Only**

**LIPPMAN'S**
GREAT
**German Bitters.**

As it is by far the best and purest preparation in the world for

DYSPEPSIA,
DEBILITY,
LOSS OF APPETITE,
WEAKNESS,
Want of Action of Liver,
Or Disordered Stomach,

A sure preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers there are no bitters made that will compare with these in removing these distressing complaints.

The great charm of these Bitters is that whilst the roots and herbs of which they are composed contain wonderful tonic and invigorating properties, they are so carefully prepared, that those who have once tasted them, look upon this health-giving and delightful beverage as a daily necessity.

**L**
**LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS**

Are a medical cordial, possessing powerful alterative anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

**G**
**FOR FEMALES.**

Lippman's Bitters are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalid. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superceding all other stimulants.

**G**
LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS

Are a cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious diseases. Persons living in damp and malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many days and perhaps weeks of sickness.

**B**
**No License at all necessary to Sell these Bitters.**

ARLINGTON HOUSE, New York, Sept. 5, 1870.

DEAR SIR: I have suffered for years with Liver Complaint and consequent loss of appetite, but two or three bottles of your invaluable German Bitters has completely restored me to health. It is simply wonderful in its effects.
Respectfully yours, DAVID WHITE.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Aug. 24, 1870.

DEAR SIR: Your Bitters have acted on me like magic. I was worse than a dead man, but two weeks ago I commenced to take your G. G. Bitters and now I have a splendid appetite and can do the work of any two men about the farm.
Yours gratefully, HENRY S. SMITH.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, VA., May, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO.:
GENTLEMEN—I hereby certify that I have examined and used in my practice "Lippman's Great German Bitters." I regard them as an admirable tonic and appetizer. Very respectfully,
J. W. POINDEXTER, M. D.

LIPPMAN'S
**Great German Bitters,**
ARE SOLD BY
**DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY.**
And are prepared in the Laboratory
—OF—
**JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO.,**
71 New Street, New York, and Market Square, Savannah, Ga.
A. C. & R. F. WYLY, and A. J. WEST & CO., Atlanta, Ga., Wholesale Agents.
*ATLANTA, GEORGIA,*
Wholesale Agents.

**Afflicted, Read This.**
**KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE.**
This Great German Liniment is an almost infallible cure for

Rheumatism,
Neuralgia,
Rheumatic
Pains in the
Back, Breast,
Sides or Joints,

Toothache,
Nervous Headache,
Earache, Sprains,
Bruises, Swellings,
Cuts, Insect Bites,
Burns, etc., etc.

This great remedy should be in every house. For Horses this remedy has no equal.

**Ask the Druggist for Oil of Life.**
Jan24—may15-d&wly

**STEINFELD'S**
FRENCH
**Cognac Bitters,**
FIRST PRIZE
**Paris Exhibition 1867.**
**Purify the blood and strengthen the system, eradicating the effect of dissipation, maintain the human frame in condition of healthfulness, dispel the Blues and all mental distempers, and relieve those whose sedentary habits lay them open to depression. They prevent and cure** *Bilious and other Fevers, Fever and Ague, Chills, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Sea-Sickness, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus,* **and every complaint incidental to diet or atmosphere. Ladies will find them a sovereign boon, as they eradicate all traces of Debility, Nervousness, Inertness, and Diseases peculiar to the sex.**
☞ **Thousands of Testimonials can be seen at the office of**
**M. JACOBSON,** Sole Proprietor,
61 & 66 Water Street, N. Y.
General Agents for the State of Georgia.
jan31-dawly

**ANTI-PYROTIC,**
—OR—
**Great Fire-Killer!!**
—:o:—
NO HUMBUG!
**Certain, Sure, Reliable.**
—:o:—
BY a recent discovery, we are enabled to offer to the public a safe, certain and sure cure for

**Burns, Scalds, Scald-Head,**
**Stings by Insects,**
**Tetter, Ring-Worm,**
**Piles, Sore Eyes and**
**Old Sores of Long Standing.**

This preparation has been thoroughly tested—it burns always insures almost instant relief—has never failed in a single instance.

We have in our possession numbers of certificates showing the WONDERFUL CURES effected by this preparation, which never fails.

*EVERY FAMILY*
**SHOULD HAVE A BOTTLE OF IT**
**READY FOR USE.**

No one knows how soon a member of the family may need it.

It is a Georgia production and perfectly free from mineral poison.

☞ **For Sale in Athens, at the Drug Stores of Dr. R. H. Smith & Co., and Dr. Wm. Ring, Jr., and in Atlanta by Pemberton, Taylor & Co.**

Orders should be addressed to
JARRETT & MULKEY,
dec30-1Awfm Walton's Ford, Ga.

**Avoid Quacks.**

A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address:
J. H. TUTTLE,
Box 3176, New York City.

**Patent Medicines.**

**READ!**

It is well known to Doctors and to Ladies, that Women are subject to numerous diseases peculiar to themselves such as Suppression of the Menses, Whites, Painful or Monthly "Periods," Menstruation of the Womb and Womb, Irregular Menstruation, Hemorrhage or Excessive "Flows," and Prolapsus Uteri or Falling of the Womb.

These diseases have seldom been treated successfully. The profession has sought diligently for some remedy that would enable them to treat these diseases with success.

At last that remedy has been discovered by one of the most skillful physicians in the State of Georgia. That remedy is

**BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.**

It is purely vegetable, and is put up in Atlanta, Ga., by Bradfield & Co.

It will purify the blood and strengthen the system, relieve irritation of the kidneys, and is a perfect specific for all the above diseases, as a certain cure as quinine is in Chills and Fevers.

For a history of diseases and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around each bottle.

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Georgia:

DEAR SIRS: I take pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are putting up, known as Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the diseases for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription, both as practioner of medicine and in domestic practice and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope every lady in the land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.

With my kindest regards, I am, respectfully,
W. B. FERRELL, M. D.

We, the undersigned, Druggists, take pleasure in

# The Daily Constitution.

### BUCKWHEAT CAKES.

I love to see, in Summer time,
The farmer plow the land,
And broadcast on the furrows new
The buckwheat with his hand.

I love to see the little germs
Come springing up to view;
And see at morn the growing plant
Besprent with sparkling dew.

I love to see the blossom ope,
As white as pearly snow,
While o'er the fields the gentle winds
With laden perfume flow.

I love to see the blooming field,
Put on its coat of brown;
And see the heavy laden stock
With ripened grain hang down.

I love to see, in even swath,
The smiling buckwheat lie;
And help to rake and bind the sheaves,
And set them up to dry.

I love to see the loaded sheaves
Before the old barn drawn;
And hear the sounding of the flail,
Upon the threshing floor.

I love to see the faming mill
Flow off the dusty chaff;
And see them measure up the grain,
And "strike" the bushel half.

I love to see the water wheel
Revolve with mighty power,
Which sets the millstone whizzing 'round,
To grind the buckwheat flour.

I love to hear the thumping belt,
Within the noisy mill,
And see the miller scoop the flour,
The farmer's bag to fill.

I love to see the busy cook,
Her pancake batter make,
And on the heated griddle pour
The limpid, flowing cake.

I love to see the half done cake,
With skill, turned lightly o'er,
Until the stove, with steady heat,
Has basked the pancake brown.

The buttered cake upon my plate,
I dearly love to see,
And when with syrup sweetened well
It looks most tempingly.

Then all the pleasures I have named,
Agriculture gives Pilate;
'Tis active labor, when I sit
And eat the buckwheat cake.

### Georgia News.

Homer Shaw, of Madison, has moved to Texas.

Rev. C. M. Irwin has resigned the pastoral charge of the Madison Baptist Church,

There are sixty-four lodges of Good Templars in Georgia.

A man was fined ten dollars, in Augusta, for setting his dog on a cashmere goat.

Brunswick has an amateur dramatic club and a young men's prayer meeting.

T. G. Holt, jr., has been elected President of the Bibb county Agricultural Society. That Society has a firm hold.

Dr. W. T. Hollingsworth has retired from his editorial connection with the Farm Journal.

John P. Foster, of Augusta, has been acquitted of the charge of killing W. R. McDonald.

The Americus Courier has suspended; Maj. W. L. Perry has removed the entire printing material to Jacksonville, Fla. It was a proclamation journal.

Mr. Morrow, of Griffin, proposes to establish another paper in Americus at an early day, to take the place of the Americus Courier which has been discontinued.

Church thieves are at work in Cuthbert. Their last effort was to steal pulpit lamps, hymn and Sabbath school books, from the Methodist Church.

Two colored brothers, in Randolph, got to fight over their mother's estate—two smoothing irons—one killed the other and fell heir to the irons.

We learn that a gentleman from Atlanta has been reconnoitering our city during the past week, with a view to starting a tobacco factory.—*Columbus Enquirer.*

Allen White (colored) has been committed to jail in Morgan county, for the involuntary manslaughter of his wife while in the commission of an unlawful act—trying to kill her son by a former husband.

Brunswick votes, on the 4th of February, upon the question of a loan or subscription to the capital stock of the Brunswick Hotel Company. The land has been generously donated by the Brunswick Land Company.

On Thursday the remains of Major John David Walker, a native and for many years a resident of Augusta, and a brother of General Wm. H. T. Walker, was brought from Virginia to Augusta.

Information has been received of the withdrawal of the nomination of C. P. Goodyear for the position of Collector for this port. Col. Collins thus retains the position he has creditably filled for the past year and a half. [*Brunswick Appeal.*

*The Fat Boy.*—Our sanctum was honored, on Tuesday night last, by the presence of Colonel Acton, the inimitable agent of that sterling journal, THE CONSTITUTION of Atlanta. The Colonel is a hearty, jovial and energetic as ever, carries his age well, and is doing a yeoman's service for the paper he represents.—*Madison Farm Journal.*

### LITERARY.

Bret Harte's "Luck of Roaring Camp" has been republished in London.

Heinrich Heine said every woman wrote with one eye on her page, and the other on some man—except the Countess of Hawthaw, who had but one eye.

The Saturday Review closes a notice of a new novel, entitled "Bought with a Price," by saying, "Who will wade through over three hundred pages of unredeemed trash?"

Harper's Magazine for February has a story, presented as original by Edward C. Cooper, which appeared in Old and New for January. Probably both were from the same French original.

Except Mark Twain's and Bret Harte's books, volumes not on law or mining have a poor sale on the Pacific slope, and the bigger a book the better it will sell, for Californians dispise a volume costing less than $7 50.

Phœbe Riley, the authoress of Riley's Narrative, an account of captivity among the Arabs, illustrated by engravings as fearful as anything she experienced in captivity, a book which stood in high favor with our forefathers and mothers sixty years or more ago, died in Urbano, Ohio, recently, aged ninety-four.

Ralph Waldo Emerson, in a lecture in Detroit on Wednesday evening, said that Walt Whitman gave great promise in his first efforts, but had not fulfilled it. Forcythe Wilson, he said, the young American poet, who died not long since, had written two poems which were among the finest in American literature—"The Old Sergeant" and "In State"—but no others of merit. Oliver Wendell Holmes was so much struck with them that he wrote everywhere inquiring for their author; learning that he lived in Louisville, he inquired there, and also at Chattanoogs, and at last was informed that he lived next door to himself, in Cambridge, Mass. No one in Cambridge knew anything of him until that time.

Anecdotes of Alexander Dumas are buzzing about in the European journals. Edmund Yates says one of the best he heard was told by Dumas himself, the last time he was in England. After his son's great success with the "Dame aux Camelias," Alexander wrote to him as through a stranger, congratuating him on the book, and expressing a desire to make the author's acquaintance. "I myself am a literary man," said he, in conclusion, "and you may have heard my name as the author of 'Monte Christo.'" Dumas *fils* was equal to the occasion. He wrote immediately in reply, expressing the great pleasure he would have in making his correspondent's acquaintance, principally on account of the high terms in which he had always heard his father speak of the author of "Monte Christo."

### What Horace Knows About Farming.

From the Tribune.]

The Kansas City Bulletin honors the rule that when you *do* lie, you shouldn't half do it, by getting off the following bouncers:

A Missouri farmer wrote to Horace Greeley to know if silk culture could be made profitable in Missouri. The veteran agriculturist of the Tribune thought it could. He said it would necessitate some trouble and expense to import the silk-bearing sheep from the mountainous regions of Central Asia, but thought they could be easily domesticated in Missouri. He said he presumed the rearing of the silk-bearing sheep would become such an important branch of agricultural industry in Missouri in five years that the State would give 100,000 majority in favor of a protective tariff, and quadruple the present circulation of the Tribune.

The same farmer also inquired as to the probable profit of raising broom-corn in this State. Mr. Greeley felt assured that it would be profitable, but advised his correspondent to raise the plain-handle variety of brooms, inasmuch as they were a more hardy variety than those with red and blue rings around the handles.

☞ The revenue returns of the British Empire show a favorable balance sheet, and it is expected that when the financial year ends in April, the accounts will reveal a surplus of more than $7,000,000, notwithstanding the reduction of the sugar duties to the amount of $11,750,000.

☞ Fanny Elbier, the once famous dancer, is not only still alive, but quite vigorous in health, and enjoys the luxuries her large fortune yields her. She is declared a regular [illegible]


THE
EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE
Super-Phosphate of Lime,
IS FOR SALE AT
All Points of Importance in Georgia.

WE HAVE SOLD IT
FIVE SUCCESSIVE YEARS,
AND KNOW
It is the very Article for
Planters to Use.

DAVID DICKSON, Esq., of Oxford, says it is Superior to any
COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER
HE EVER APPLIED,
And Recommends it to Everybody.

WE SOLD OVER
Two Thousand Tons in Georgia last Year.

IT HAS BEEN TRIED
AND ALWAYS
PAID THE PLANTER.

Send for a Pamphlet. An Agent may be found at almost every Depot, but information can always be had at

F. W. SIMS & CO., Savannah,
OR OF
MARK W. JOHNSON,
Jan4-d3m Dealer in Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

GERMANIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Of New York.
ESTABLISHED IN AMERICA AND EUROPE.
HOME OFFICE 293 and 295 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
HEAD OFFICE FOR GERMANY: BERLIN, PRUSSIA.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTH GERMAN CONFEDERATION.

CASH CAPITAL ..... $4,000,000
ANNUAL CASH INCOME ..... 3,000,000

☞ Dividends in cash on the contribution plan.

FRED SCHWENDLER, Vice President. HUGO WESENDONCK, President
George Gehs and L. Mollmann, General Agents.
Office General Agency, corner Bay and Bull streets, Savannah, Ga.
WRIGHT, SCHMIDT & CO., Agents for Atlanta and upper District of Georgia. Office Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.
Dr. F. R. Orme, Medical Examiner. dec5-d3m.

THE CHARLESTON LINE
—FOR—
FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS!
—TO AND FROM—
Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston,
AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.

Three Times a Week,
Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays!

Elegant State Room Accommodations.

SEA VOYAGE TEN TO TWELVE HOURS SHORTER
VIA CHARLESTON!
Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD COMPANY, and connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above Ports, invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail and Sea Transportations for Freight and Passengers not equaled in excellence and capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line.

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN, M. S. Woodhull, Commander. GEORGIA, S. Crowell, Commander.
CHAMPION, R. W. Lockwood, Commander. SOUTH CAROLINA, Sam Adkins, Commander.
CHARLESTON, James Berry, Commander. CLYDE, Alex. Hunter, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, J. C. Lockwood, Commander. ASHLAND, Beckett, Commander.
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, WAGNER HUGER & CO., Agents,
Charleston, S. C. WM. A. COURTENAY, Charleston, S. C.

TO PHILADELPHIA.

VIRGINIA, C. H. Ashcroft, Commander. EVERMAN, C. Hinckley, Commander,
Sailing Days—Saturdays. WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON, Horsey, Commander. MARYLAND, Johnson, Commander
SEA GULL, Dutton, Commander. Sailing Days—Every Fifth Day.
P. C. TRESCHLOW, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

Rates Guaranteed as low as those of Competing Lines. Marine Insurance one-half of one per cent. Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.
State Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of the Steamships in Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases, the Railroad Tickets should be exchanged and Berths assigned. The Through Tickets by this Route includes Transfers, Meals and State Room, while on Shipboard.

The South Carolina Railroad,
And its connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Passengers between Northern Cities and the South and West. Comfortable Night Cars, with the Holmes Chair, without extra charge, have been introduced. First-Class Eating Saloon at Branchville.
Freight promptly transferred from Steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connection made with other Roads, delivering Freights at distant points with the great promptness. The Managers are confident that their Line cannot be surpassed in Dispatch and the Safe Delivery of Goods.
B. D. HASELL, General Agent.
P. O. Box 4979—office 317 Broadway, New York.
S. B. PICKENS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, ED. H. BARNWELL, General Freight Agent, South Carolina Railroad.
H. M. COTTINGHAM, Western Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
sep26-d6m[illegible] thurs-sat

Seeds, Seeds, Seeds.
ATLANT ASEED DEPOT.

E. VAN GOIDTSNOVEN, stock of
Garden, Field and Flower Seeds,
Selected especially for the Spring Trade of 1873, comprising all varieties suited to the Southern climate.
These Seeds are Warranted Fresh and Genuine. The increased demand for my Seeds has obliged me to greatly enlarge my facilities for supplying this section, and I now present to you a stock which, in quality, cannot be surpassed, and in price, will compare favorably with any other house.
I am prepared to furnish in large quantities at special rates, Onion Sets, Early Rose and Goodrich Potatoes, Grass Seeds of every description.
My Seeds are well known in this market, and wherever tried, for earliness and productiveness, have given entire satisfaction.
I am Also, prepared to fill orders for Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Roses, Greenhouse and Bedding plants, Bulbous Roots, etc., etc. Send for price list. I wish your trade, and will do anything in my power to possess and retain it.
E. VAN GOIDTSNOVEN,
Whitehall Street—P. O. Box 574, Atlanta, Ga.



Macon Advertisements.

GEO. M. LOGAN,
GENERAL
Commission Merchant,
SECOND STREET,
Macon, - - - Ga.

REFERENCES—J. B. Ross & Son, Macon, Ga.; I. C. Plant, Esq., Banker, Macon, Ga.; Hardeman & Sparks, Macon, Ga.; G. A. Nutting, Esq., Banker, Macon, Ga.; W. B. Johnston, Esq., Macon, Ga.; S. P. Dickinson, Esq., Dalton, Ga.; Howe, Jenkins & Co., New York; Cahart & Brother, New York; E. Russell, Esq., New York; A. L. Maxwell, Esq., Macon, Ga.; J. DeLoache, Esq., Macon, Ga.; W. Lashop, Esq., Savannah, Ga.; Daniel Perkins & Co., New York.
Cotton purchased and shipped on orders.
sep10-d6m

Savannah Advertisements.

O. E. GROOVER, Savannah. C. P. STUBBS, Savannah. A. T. MACINTYER, Thomasville.
GROOVER, STUBBS & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
94 BAY STREET,
SAVANNAH.

☞ Barging, Ties, Rope, and other supplies furnished. Also, liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments for sale or shipment to Liverpool or Northern ports. sep10-d6m

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf
FREIGHT & PASSENGER
LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage, occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your support. Instruct your correspondents to ship "Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga."
Call on Mr. H. F. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.
The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.
C. D. OWENS, General Agent,
229 Broadway, cor Barclay st.
Post-office address, Box 5265,
New York, February 1, 1870.
G. T. ANDERSON,
General Western Agent Atlantic and Gulf, and Macon and Brunswick Railroad,
feb11-dtf Atlanta, Georgia.

WM. KETCHAM,
Auction and Commission Merchant
NO. 98 BROAD STREET,
ROME ..... GEORGIA.
Large and safe Storage for Furniture, Stoves and all sorts of Merchandise.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED;
N. B.—Quick Sales and Prompt Settlements.
oct26-d3m

INMAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
SAILING EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.—Cabin passage from New York to Liverpool or Queenstown $75 00, gold; excursion tickets $135, gold; steerage to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Londonderry $30 00, currency; Sweden, Norway and Denmark $38 00, currency.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, New York.
WRIGHT, SCHMIDT & CO.,
Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.
nov20-3m

CASH advanced on cotton consigned to our New York, Boston and European correspondents.
WRIGHT, SCHMIDT & CO.,
nov20-3m Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN DOMESTIC
Gas Light Company,
ROME, GEORGIA.
(ORGANIZED MARCH 22, 1870.)
Capital Stock, - - - $100,000.
JUDGE W. W. CLAYTON, PRESIDENT.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Judge W. W. CLAYTON, President.
Major C. H. SMITH,
Colonel RUTSON MICKEL,
CHARLES M. HOUSER,
Captain ADOLPH GRUPPTH,
Colonel SAMUEL GIBBONS,
Dr. JOHN W. JAMES,
R. H. SMITH,
THOMAS J. PERRY, Secretary.

THIS Company has purchased the right to manufacture and sell "Doty's Gas Generator," in the States of Georgia, Alabama, Florida and South Carolina. The gas is generated by a simple chemical process, without fuel or heat. Machines are made suitable for dwellings, printing offices, hotels, churches, halls and factories, in cities or in the country.
The gas manufactured from the "Generator" for beauty, safety and economy is unexcelled—the cost being about one-fifth of the ordinary coal gas. The machine is in successful operation and may be examined by the public at the office of the Georgia State Agricultural Society in Atlanta, where the undersigned will be glad to receive orders or give any information that may be desired. JOHN L. D. HILLYER,
sep7-d3m General Agent.

HANNON, JOHNSON & CLANTON,
General Real Estate Agents,
Terminus Texas Central Railroad.
General M. W. HANNON,
Terminus T. C. R. R.
General JOS. R. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.
General JAS. H. CLANTON,
Montgomery, Ala.
ja 28-dly

DEMAREST & WOODRUFF
(Successors to TOMLINSON-DEMAREST CO.)
628 & 630 Broadway, N. Y.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Carriages, Buggies, &c.
Especially adapted for the Southern Roads.
OUR STOCK COMPRISES
LIGHT VICTORIAS,
PHAETONS,
CABRIOLAS,
ROCKAWAYS
And all other styles of Fine Carriages,
For one or two horses.
TOP AND NO TOP BUGGIES,
On Elliptic and Side Springs.
CONCORD BUGGIES,
MAIL HACKS & JERSEY WAGONS.
We are also Sole Manufacturers of the
WOODRUFF CONCORD BUGGY
AND
Plantation Wagon for 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 Horses
The best Buggy and Wagon in America for the money.
We have had an experience of thirty years in making work for the Southern States, and know exactly what is wanted, to stand the roads. We invite all to send for Circulars, and parties visiting New York will especially invite to call at our Warerooms.
We solicit the trade of merchants and dealers. Illustrated Circulars, with prices, furnished by mail
A. T. DEMAREST, N. Y.
W. W. WOODRUFF, Ga.
We have also opened a
BRANCH OF OUR ESTABLISHMENT
IN ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
Corner Hunter and Pryor streets;
Where we expect to keep a large stock, and
Sell at Very Low Prices.
aug6 dsolly

GREAT SALE
OF
Unclaimed Freights,
—BY THE—
SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY,
At Atlanta, Georgia.

THE following described Packages of Unclaimed Freights will be sold AT AUCTION for charges, on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1871, at Atlanta:

| No. Packages | Consignees. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|
| 1 package, | Austin, H. M. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Akers, J. | " |
| 1 " | Allen, H. N. | " |
| 1 " | Anderson, W. J. | " |
| 1 box, | Adams, C. A. | " |
| 1 package, | Ayers, H. | " |
| 1 " | Atwell, Prof. | " |
| 1 casting, | A. & W. T. R. R. | " |
| 1 bale, | Atkins, W. | " |
| 1 package, | Atlanta Lodge, No. 1. | " |
| 1 bale, | Akers, G. & Y. | " |
| 1 package, | Alexander, J. M. & J. C. | " |
| 1 box, | Adamson, M. G. | Bowdon |
| 1 package, | Andrews, W. A. | LaGrange |
| 2 packages, | Autry, J. | " |
| 1 package, | Bagley, H. A. | Big Creek |
| 2 " | Bryce, J. G. | Atlanta |
| 1 bundles, | Bard, Samuel | " |
| 1 package, | Bryson, John. | " |
| 1 " | Bilgers, J. M. | " |
| 1 " | Branham, Miss A. G. | " |
| 1 box, | Bird, M. E. | " |
| 1 package, | Bell, H. G. | " |
| 1 " | Bacon, E. H. | " |
| 1 box, | Benton, J. | " |
| 1 package, | Bailey, L. | " |
| 1 " | Bibb, W. C. | " |
| 1 " | Bibb, W. C. | " |
| 1 " | Bibb, W. C. | " |
| 1 bale clocks, | Ballard, Capt. | " |
| 1 box, | Brown, Chas. | " |
| 1 box, | Banning & G. | " |
| 1 " | Banning & G. | " |
| 1 " | Bradford, G. F. | " |
| 1 " | Boon, J. C. | " |
| 1 " | Blaylock, J. C. | Carrollton |
| 1 " | Bagley, R. A. | Big Creek |
| 2 packages, | Bristle, C. J. | Atlanta |
| 1 can, | Berry, J. B. | Loschapoka, Ala |
| 1 box, | Bridges, Capt. | Atlanta |
| 1 package, | Brantley, R. | Evergreen, Ala |
| 1 bag, | Brown, Mrs. P. | Atlanta, Ga |
| 1 package, | Bushee & Co. | " |
| 1 " | Bartlette, A. L. F. | Brownsville, Ga |
| 1 box, | Bibb, W. C. | Atlanta |
| 1 package, | Caldwell, C. M. | " |
| 1 " | Cobb, T. W. | Lafayette |
| 1 " | Crane, W. T. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Chandler, C. H. | " |
| 1 box, | Cunningham, Miss B. | " |
| 1 bag, | Carter, Z. P. | " |
| 1 package, | Chandler, Mrs. E. | " |
| 1 " | Cooper, Mrs. R. L. | " |
| 1 " | Clarke, J. D. | " |
| 1 box, | Capers, J. H. | " |
| 1 package, | Carey, S. J. | " |
| 1 " | Cotting, D. J. | " |
| 1 package, | Clarke, H. F. | " |
| 1 " | Clarke, C. | " |
| 1 " | Clarke, H. W. | " |
| 1 box, | Cumming, | " |
| 1 package, | Crandell, J. R. | " |
| 1 " | Cook & H. | " |
| 1 package, | Carson, R. J. | " |
| 1 " | Clayton & Webb, | " |
| 1 box, | Chovina, A. G. | LaGrange |
| 2 packages, | Camp, W. J. | Newnan |
| 1 box, | Chilton, W. H. | Atlanta |
| 1 bale, | Y. Mutual L. I. Co. | " |
| 1 package, | Doonan, C. C. | " |
| 1 " | Dunbar, J. H. | " |
| 1 box, | Davis, A. C. | " |
| 1 box, | Dean, Mrs. H. | " |
| 1 " | Davis, W. L. | " |
| 1 package, | Dailey, Mrs. E. | " |
| 1 " | DeMore, T. W. | Ringgold |
| 1 package, | Dawson, Mrs. T. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Dyer, C. | " |
| 1 package, | Davidson, G. W. | " |
| 1 " | Dorsey, R. | " |
| 1 " | Davis, J. H. | " |
| 1 " | Dodd, P. & G. T. | " |
| 1 " | Ellsworth & H. | " |
| 1 package, | Echols, P. W. J. | " |
| 1 " | Edge, P. W. | Campbellton |
| 1 " | Edge, P. W. | " |
| 1 " | Eggerton, J. R. | Atlanta |
| 1 casting, | Echols, S. A. | " |
| 1 package, | Echols, P. W. J. | " |
| 2 castings, | Franklin, H. | " |
| 1 package, | Frohoff, B. W. | " |
| 1 keg, | Flemming, A. B. | " |
| 1 trunk, | Fowler, Jno. | " |
| 1 package, | Frank, Mrs. J. | " |
| 1 " | Fripp, J. H. | " |
| 1 package, | Fulton, W. C. & Co. | " |
| 1 " | Ferguson, Jas. | " |
| 1 " | Fisher, W. A. | Dixon |
| 1 " | Francis, J. C. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Folsom, C. | " |
| 1 " | French, L. P. | LaGrange |
| 1 " | Farrow, A. W. | " |
| 1 " | Fain, S. N. | Carterville |
| 1 " | Guyton, A. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Gaddis, James | " |
| 1 " | Gilbert, W. | " |
| 1 basket, | Gov. of Georgia, | " |
| 1 package, | Guthman, I. | " |
| 1 box, | Grambling, J. A. | " |
| 2 packages, | Griffin, J. H. | " |
| 1 " | Grant, Miss L. A. | " |
| 1 " | Griggs, A. P. | LaGrange |
| 1 box, | Gullatte & Co. | Carterville |
| 1 box, | Gholston, W. A. | Adairsville |
| 1 casting, | Grice, T. M. | Newnan |
| 1 package, | Headree, W. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Huron, J. P. | " |
| 1 box, | Hughes, Billis. | " |
| 1 " | Hester, J. G. | " |
| 1 plow, | Hunter, H. | " |
| 1 gun, | Hipp, B. M. | " |
| 1 box, | Hape, Samuel | " |
| 1 can, | Higginford (it. R. Agt) | " |
| 1 box | Hardon, Miss J. | " |
| 1 package, | Headree, Miss G. | " |
| 1 " | Harris, Miss M. C. | " |
| 1 " | Hulbert, E. | " |
| 1 sack, | Harry, Miss A. | " |
| 1 package, | Harris, A. L. | " |
| 1 " | Henley, Miss L. | " |
| 1 package, | Henley, J. C. | " |
| 2 boxes, | Howell, J. M. | " |
| 1 package, | Hawkins, W. H. | " |
| 1 sack, | Harris, J. | Atlanta |
| 1 package, | Harris, H. | " |
| 1 " | Hape, S. | " |
| 1 " | Hall, G. A. | " |
| 1 box, | Hardy, W. C. | " |
| 1 box, | Harris, J. C. | Batesville |
| 1 package, | Hicks, Mrs. C. A. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Hilton, V. F. | " |
| 1 " | Hammond, G. W. | Carrollton |
| 1 box, | Houston Factory, | LaGrange |
| 1 package, | Hancock, C. D. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Henry, S. H. | " |
| 1 " | Irby, J. A. | " |
| 1 box, | I. T. R. & Co. | " |
| 1 box, | Jones, P. | " |
| 1 " | Jones, M. H. | " |
| 1 bird cage, | Jones, D. G. | " |
| 1 box, | Jones, R. F. | " |
| 1 package, | Jones, Jessie | " |
| 1 box, | Johnson, J. C. | " |
| 1 " | Johnson, A. F. | " |
| 1 package, | Johnson, Wm. C. | LaGrange |
| 1 " | Johnson, Mrs. M. L. | Yongeville, Ala |
| 1 " | Johnson, W. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Jackson, Mrs. S. E. | " |
| 1 " | Jennings, Wm. | " |
| 1 " | Joseph, M. | " |
| 1 box, | Jordan, M. J. | " |
| 1 package, | James, W. A. | " |
| 1 trunk, | Kimball, R. | " |
| 1 package, | Keith, O. | " |
| 1 box, | Kimball, H. I. | " |
| 1 package, | Knott, J. J. | " |
| 1 " | Kelley, W. A. | Eatonville |
| 1 machine, | Keith, C. F. | Atlanta |
| 1 package, | Kendall, E. R. | " |
| 1 " | Kean, F. F. | " |
| 1 " | Kyte, C. | " |
| 1 " | Kramer, O. | " |
| 1 " | Kennedy, T. H. | " |
| 1 " | Langston, J. M. | " |
| 1 box, | Litchfield, R. B. | " |
| 1 package, | Lee, Miss Elly | " |
| 1 box, | Lowe, W. F. | " |
| 1 package, | Lentz, L. | " |
| 1 box, | Leopold, I. | " |
| 1 box | Lawe, J. | " |
| 1 box, | Lynch, P. | " |
| 1 box, | Lester, F. | " |
| 1 " | Little, W. C. | " |
| 1 " | Little, W. C. | " |
| 1 package, | Langford & McG. | " |
| 1 " | Lawrence, N. M. | Lutherville, Ga. |
| 1 bag, | Lawson, J. | Ringgold, Ga |
| 1 sewing, | Mills, G. & Co. | Atlanta. |
| 1 package, | Marshall, J. I. | " |
| 1 " | Mendor Brothers | " |
| 1 box, | Mitchell, H. | Dahlonega. |
| 1 package, | Moore, M. L. | Atlanta. |
| 1 box, | Morris, J. F. | " |
| 1 " | Murphy, E. H. | " |
| 1 package, | Murphy, E. H. | " |
| 1 " | McCullough, J. | " |
| 1 " | McWilliam, O. P. | " |
| 1 box, | Moore, A. | " |
| 1 package, | McDaniels, S. J. | " |
| 1 " | Mcarty, J. | " |
| 1 " | Meisher, A. | " |
| 1 " | Maddox & W. | " |
| 1 bag, | Markey, T. J. | " |
| 1 " | Mallory, A. B. | " |
| 1 package, | McDaniels, W. P. | " |
| 1 " | Miller, C. | " |
| 1 plow beam, | Miller, J. R. | Buckhorn. |
| 1 box, | Mullingy, T. R. | LaGrange. |
| 1 " | McClelloe, O. W. | " |
| 1 package, | McKee, T. S. | " |
| 1 " | McGinley, | Tallasee, Ala |
| 1 package, | Noble, John | Atlanta. |
| 1 " | Nicholas, H. | " |
| 1 " | Noble & Findall | " |
| 1 box, | Nelson, W. K. | " |
| 1 package, | Nichols, H. J. | Marietta. |
| 1 " | Nelson, Mrs. | Atlanta. |
| 1 bag, | Norwood, R. R. | Lochapoka, Ala. |
| 1 package, | Nelson, C. | LaGrange. |
| 1 " | O'Neal, J. B. | Atlanta. |
| 1 box, | O'Brien, Rev. W. | " |
| 2 packages, | Powell, Miss B. | " |
| 1 package, | Pressley, Miss E. B. | " |
| 1 box, | Pope, W. H. | " |
| 1 package, | Powers & Son. | " |
| 1 " | Pugh, John | " |
| 1 sack, | Pork, A. | " |
| 1 can, | Pressley, D. B. | " |
| 1 box, | Prevost, G. J. | " |
| 1 wheel, | Pullman, H. | " |
| 1 package, | Parley, W. | " |
| 1 " | Porter, J. H. | " |
| 1 bag, | Pease, P. P. | " |
| 2 buckets, | Phillips, Mrs. W. | LaGrange |
| 1 package, | Peck, Mrs. S. E. | " |
| 1 bag, | Phillips, W. | Marietta |
| 1 package, | Powers & Son, | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Rogers, J. C. | " |
| 1 " | Rushton, W. | " |
| 1 " | Rushell, Geo. | " |
| 1 box, | Robinson, J. C. | " |
| 1 package, | Rice, Jas. | " |
| 1 " | Rogers, Mrs. L. J. | " |
| 1 " | Roberts, J. H. | " |
| 1 " | Reece, J. F. | " |
| 1 " | Ratcliffe, J. B. | " |
| 1 " | Ripley, T. C. | " |
| 1 " | Reid, W. T. | " |
| 1 " | Rose, M. & Co. | " |
| 1 box, | Redwine & Fox, | " |
| 1 package, | Roberts, J. A. | " |
| 1 " | Randolph & B. | Dahlonega |
| 1 " | Redwine & Fox, | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Reid, James | " |
| 1 " | Roberts, M. | " |
| 1 " | Rice, L. | " |
| 1 box, | Roberts, B. H. | " |
| 1 package, | Rice, L. | " |
| 1 " | Ramsey, J. A. | " |
| 1 box, | Roberts, J. A. | " |
| 1 " | Robertson, R. | LaGrange |
| 1 " | Robertson, | " |
| 1 " | Reynolds House, | " |
| 1 " | Russell, E. M. | Villa Rica |
| 1 package, | Semmes, Mrs. P. M. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Stockard, S. M. | " |
| 1 box, | Stonecifer, A. | " |
| 1 " | Scott, S. M. | " |
| 1 package, | Sharpton, A. C. | " |
| 1 box, | Smith, C. D. | " |
| 1 package, | Shorter, R. C. | " |
| 1 " | Smith, F. S. | " |
| 1 package, | Surency, R. C. | " |
| 1 " | Speaker House of Rep. | " |
| 1 package, | Swift, O. L. | " |
| 1 " | Smith, S. R. | " |
| 1 package, | Stocks, O. W. | " |
| 1 " | Sowers, F. | " |
| 1 " | Smith, Lee | " |
| 1 " | Secretary of State, | " |
| 1 " | Smith, Gus | " |
| 1 " | Shepherd, J. M. | Gumming, Ga. |
| 1 " | Sherhall, Mrs. A. | Atlanta. |
| 1 " | Smith, Mrs. | " |
| 1 " | Spence, Mrs. T. C. | " |
| 1 basket, | Slowey, L. F. | Marietta. |
| 1 " | Shipling, O. W. | Atlanta. |
| 1 carpet bag, | Shipp, R. | " |
| 1 package, | Schreiber, F. | " |
| 1 " | Stephens, F. & Co. | " |
| 1 " | Spencer, S. | " |
| 1 " | Sage, A. | " |
| 1 " | Shelhafer, A. C. | " |
| 1 package, | Stephenson, | Gainesville. |
| 1 " | Schofield Rolling Mill, | Atlanta. |
| 1 " | Schuman, D. T. | " |
| 1 " | Shewart, J. C. | " |
| 1 package, | Sandidge & Newman, | " |
| 1 box, | Smith, Miss A. | Newnan. |
| 1 package, | Smith, C. H. | Atlanta. |
| 1 " | Springs Hotel | LaGrange. |
| 1 package, | Stalnaker, P. F. | " |
| 1 box, | Skinner, A. A. | Cartersville. |
| 1 package, | " | " |
| 1 " | " | " |
| 1 package, | Saunders, R. G. | " |
| 1 " | Sanford, A. | Atlanta. |
| 1 package, | Stephens, F. & Co. | " |
| 1 " | Smith, F. A. | Cartersville. |
| 1 box, | Smith, F. A. | Atlanta. |
| 1 package, | Tedcoe, S. B. | " |
| 1 box, | Thompson, F. & Co. | " |
| 1 basket, | Thomas, I. C. | " |
| 1 package, | Turner, J. D. | " |
| 1 " | Thompson, F. | " |
| 1 package, | Towsley, J. | " |
| 1 " | Taylor, F. | " |
| 1 package, | Trotte, Mrs. C. | " |
| 1 " | Tittlebaum, Mrs. | " |
| 1 box, | Taylor, A. F. | Hillary, Ala. via LaGrange, Ga. |
| 1 package, | Yaleta, L. & G. | Atlanta |
| 1 " | Williams, H. | " |
| 1 " | Walker, W. B. | " |
| 1 " | Wellington, H. G. | " |
| 1 " | Westmoreland, J. G. | " |
| 1 " | Walker, W. S. | " |
| 1 " | Wilcox News Agency, | " |
| 1 " | Whitting, C. G. | " |
| 1 box, | Walker, M. | " |
| 1 package, | Wood, Wm. | " |
| 1 " | Whitehead, W. | " |
| 1 bottle, | Wingfield, H. | " |
| 1 package, | Westmoreland, W. G. | " |
| 1 " | Walker, Miss F. B. | " |
| 1 box, | Wilson, J. Stallback, | " |
| 2 packages, | Wilson & Davis, | " |
| 1 box, | Ward, B. F. | Loschapoka |
| 1 package, | White, J. L. | LaGrange |
| 1 " | Wimbish & Co. | " |
| 1 trunk, | Wood, H. | Rome |
| 1 box, | Young, G. R. | Atlanta |
| 1 box, | Yelgon, A. | Gainesville, Ga. |

jan17—deodtfebl8

Railroads.

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!
TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.
RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.
CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses
On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and ref